THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1898. NUMBER 1.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Forms, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

SAN JUAN REDUCED.

Admiral Sampson's Fleet Subjects Porto Rico's Capital to a Terrific Bombardment.

OUR GUNS WELL HANDLED

The Place No Longer a Fortified Base For the Use of Spain's Fleet.

The Vessels of Our Squadron Steamed in an Ellipse, Blazing Away at the Forts and Paying Particular Attention to Morro Castle—They Made Three Circuits and the Bombardment Lasted Three Hours—The Spaniards Fired Fast and Furious, But Their Marksmanship Was Bad—Our Losses Were One Killed and Four Wounded—Only the New York and Iowa Were Hit and No Harm Was Done—Having Inflicted Punishment Upon the Forts Our Fleet Steamed Away.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies (By Cable).—San Juan, Porto Rico, is no longer a fortified base. Part of Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet poured for three hours shot and shell into the fortifications, which, though not silenced, were rendered ineffective. The Spanish squadron from Cape Verde must look to some other fortified port for any aid in its efforts to be victorious over the war ships of the United States.

ADMIRAL SAMPSON.

Though the fortifications were not completely demolished, Rear Admiral Sampson regards his mission to San Juan as successful. The bombardment was terrific. It gave the men on the war ships an admirable experience and enabled them to test their marksmanship in action, which was desired before giving battle to the armorclads of Spain. They are now better prepared than ever to meet the foe, having the additional confidence that comes from having been under fire.

The American sailors would like to have continued shelling the San Juan fortifications until they were completely shattered, but Admiral Sampson decided that sufficient damage had been done to make the port useless as a fortified base.

The Killed and Wounded.

In the bombardment two of our men were killed and seven injured. How heavy was the loss among the Spaniards is not known, but it is believed to have been severe. The two men killed were: Frank Widemark, seaman of the cruiser New York; William Ross, gunner's mate of the monitor Amphitrite. This is a list of the injured: John Mitchell, seaman of the battleship Iowa; Raymond Hill, apprentice on the Iowa; George Merkle, a private marine on the Iowa; Michael Murphy, seaman on the cruiser New York; Samuel Feltman, a seaman on the New York; Edward Earle, seaman on the New York; John Miller, seaman on the New York. Splinters from bursting shells or fragments of the shells themselves caused most of the injuries. Ross, gunner's mate of the Amphitrite, dropped dead beside his gun, the shock and excitement evidently being too much for his heart.

Two Ships Bear Scars.

The enemy did some damage to the battleship Iowa and the cruiser New York, but neither of these ships came out of the conflict with any serious scars. The other ships were unscathed. Nearly all the shots from the Spaniards went wide of their mark. The enemy appeared to be entirely deficient in the use of the guns. This made our ships indifferent to their reckless and ineffective cannonade, whose only redeeming feature was its spiritedness.

Admiral Sampson's fleet lay within sight of San Juan de Porto Rico all of Wednesday night. At 5 o'clock on Thursday morning all bands on all the ships were called. For an hour and a half each ship was the scene of an orderly confusion as the two thousand sailors stripped their ships, their guns and themselves.

By 6.30 everything was in readiness for the battle to begin—the second great engagement of the war. At 5 a. m. came the call to "quarters," and instantly every man was at his post and ready and eager to strike a blow in atonement for the Maine.

Morro, of course, was to be the centre of attack. In it were the seven six-inch guns which Spain sent over as soon as the war became certain, and which had been hastily mounted and manned with the best gunners in the colonial army.

The Engagement Opens.

The fleet, looking for the Spanish ships, steamed to the harbor, the men at quarters, the decks sanded, the speed five knots an hour. They held in until the Detroit was less than a mile from the old fort.

The gunners in the old fort opened on the Iowa. The squadron was ordered to return the fire.

The Iowa's forward turret guns fired first at the west angle of the fort; then she swung around her after guns and let go her starboard broadside.

The Detroit at her lowest speed began broadside firing. The Indiana steamed up, firing. The Detroit drove the gunners away again and again.

The Iowa selected one fort and as the ships approached each opened, firing turret and broadside guns. The Detroit in her exposed position pluckily kept in short range and her guns did terrific execution.

Except the Detroit and the Montgomery, which were ordered out of range, the ships steamed in an ellipse in front of the forts three times.

On the first round they shot too low, but they got the elevation on the second round, and the shots hit the forts and passed over the hills, falling in the town.

An eight-inch shell exploded in the New York's aft port whaleboat davit at the end of the third round. Fragments fell among the crew of the port broadside eight-inch guns. Frank Widemark, seaman, was struck in the head and killed.

At 7 o'clock the day had became furiously hot, so hot that men were fainting below the decks and at the guns. One man, a gunner's mate on the Amphitrite, was overcome and died in a few hours.

The leaping flames from burning houses close to the shore, but behind the fortifications, made the Americans know that their work was not as vain as the frenzied firing of the Spaniards.

In the old part of the town of San Juan, adjoining the fortifications, whole blocks were blazing. Many of the shells flew over and burst among the ancient buildings from which the population had fled at dawn.

So fierce was the American fire that had the intention been to bombard the residence part of old San Juan, the damage could hardly have been greater. The lighthouses were demolished soon after the firing began. Later on the houses in Ballaja square, in St. Christopher street, in San Jose street and in San Sebastian street were in flames. The St. Catherine Institute, the ancient palace, the Government house, the orphan asylum, the old theatre and several old churches were burned or almost demolished.

Spaniards Fought Like Madmen.

The American officers, through their glasses, could see the Spaniards at work in many places where the fortifications had been broken down. The Spaniards seemed drunk with fury. They loaded and fired like madmen, without aiming, without any appearance of discipline or direction. At times their crazed condition led them to many absurd acts, such as waving swords, shaking fists and discharging pistols at the American line which was barely within reach of their guns of longest range.

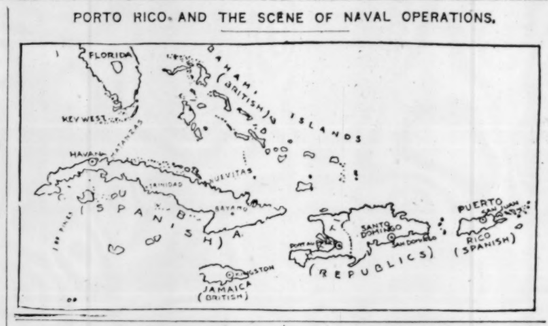
Toward 8 o'clock the heat became absolutely unbearable on the American ships. It became evident that the Spanish forts could not be silenced sort of another hour's work.

Men on the American ships were dropping on all sides, not from Spanish shots, but from the accurate and terrific bombardment of the tropical sun.

After consultation Admiral Sampson signalled "cease firing" and turned away westward. The other ships slowly followed, all except the monitor Terror. She remained in her position, in range of all the guns of the Spaniards until she had silenced them.

The United States warships hauled off shore within a few minutes after Admiral Sampson's signal to cease firing, and left San Juan in a sorry condition. The Spanish base was no longer effective as a shelter for a Spanish fleet, while the American ships were ready for battle at any moment.

The fleet steamed to the westward about twenty miles and then stopped to remove the grime of battle and to rest and refresh the weary but happy sailors.



PORTO RICO AND THE SCENE OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.

STREET SCENE IN SAN JUAN, NEAR THE FORTIFICATIONS.

BAY OF SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.

Sampson's Official Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Navy Department received the following despatch from Admiral Sampson. It is dated St. Thomas, May 12, and is as follows:

"A portion of the squadron under my command reached San Juan this morning at daybreak. No armed vessels were found in the port. As soon as it was sufficiently light I commenced attack upon the batteries defending the city. This attack lasted about three hours and resulted in much damage to the batteries and incidentally to a portion of the city adjacent to the batteries. The batteries replied to our fire, but without material effect. One man was killed on board the New York and seven slightly wounded in the squadron. No serious damage to any ships resulted. SAMPSON."

TO RULE THE PHILIPPINES.

General Merritt Will Act as Military Governor of the Islands.

WASHINGTON (Special).—With all possible dispatch Rear Admiral Dewey's possession of the Philippines is to be strengthened by additional ships and by a military force adequate to overcome the Spanish troops left on the islands, to maintain order and protect the lives and interests of foreign residents, and to assert the authority of the United States through a military government, with Major General Wesley Merritt as its head. General Merritt held a long consultation with the Secretary of War and the Adjutant General, and returned to New York to complete his preparations for proceeding to Manila.

It has been definitely decided to concentrate at San Francisco an army of 12,000 men, consisting of both volunteers and regulars. Besides the States of California and Washington, which will furnish their entire quota of volunteer troops, these States will furnish men for the expedition: Wyoming, one battalion of infantry; Colorado, one regiment of infantry; Kansas, one regiment of infantry; Montana, one regiment of infantry; Nebraska, one regiment of infantry; Utah, two light batteries of artillery and one troop of cavalry, and North Dakota and Idaho, each two battalions of infantry.

This army will constitute the First Corps of the United States Army. It will be divided into three divisions, the first of which will consist of 7000 men, and will form the first detachment sent to the relief of Rear Admiral Dewey.

In order that the expedition may leave as soon as possible General Merritt has been given authority to take with him, at his own discretion, the first 7000 men who report at San Francisco.

A CABLEGRAM FROM DEWEY.

The Situation at Manila Since the Bombardment is Unchanged.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—A dispatch came Friday to the Navy Department from Admiral Dewey, at Manila. It was dated Hong Kong. It was as follows:

HONG KONG, May 12.

Secretary of the Navy:

There is little change in the situation since my last telegram. I am transferring to transports steel breech-loading rifles from sunken Spanish men-of-war. Also stores from arsenal in my possession. I am maintaining strict blockade. Add Argos to list of destroyed vessels. El Correo, probably El Cano. DEWEY.

Other despatches describe the situation in the Philippines as unchanged since the bombardment.

Our Flag Hoisted in Cuba.

KEY WEST, Fla. (Special).—Ensign Willard, of the Machias, was the first to hoist the American flag on the island of Cuba. While the Wilmington, Winslow and Hudson were engaging Cardenas, the Machias demolished a battery and blockhouse at Diana City, two miles away. An armed boat's crew then went ashore and the ensign hoisted the Stars and Stripes on the blockhouse flagpole.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S PALACE AND AN ANGLE OF THE SAN JUAN FORTIFICATIONS REDUCED BY ADMIRAL SAMPSON'S FLEET.

Over Fifty Thousand Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Reports received at Adjutant General Corbin's office show that 54,752 of the volunteers have been accepted as having the necessary qualifications for soldiers and have been mustered into the United States service.

Victims of Fire.

Three double frame dwellings at the Lytle colliery, near Minersville, Penn., were destroyed by fire. Mr. and Mrs. Michael Pott and a six-year-old daughter of John Polish were burned to death. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin.

The National Game.

Ganzel, of Pittsburg, is out of the game, owing to a felon.

Cross seems to have recovered his batting eye since joining the St. Louis Browns.

Seven of the champion Bostons are of German extraction and four are children of green Erin.

Steinfeldt is playing second base for Cincinnati during McPhee's enforced absence from the team.

Inability to hit the ball seems to be the trouble with more than half the League teams just now.

Kilroy has been switched over to left field, and Ryan is again covering right field for Chicago.

Chicago's Great Loss.

Grain elevator D, at Chicago, was destroyed by fire. Losses on building and contents will aggregate about $1,200,000. The elevator contained 1,115,000 bushels of grain, valued at $890,000, the property of P. D. Armour. The grain was fully insured.

The Time at Manila.

The difference in Washington time and that of the Philippine islands is thirteen hours and sixteen minutes; therefore, according to our time, the battle of Manila was fought at 3.44 p. m., Saturday, April 30.

Cycling Notes.

Thousands of cyclists are adorning their wheels in these days of war with small American flags.

To prevent the uneasy feeling caused by slipping on the shiny surface of the saddle, wash it thoroughly in soft soap and warm water and dry well.

In all the Chickamauga Park encampment bicycles are much in use, being employed for the delivery of mails, the carrying of dispatches by under officers, and in various ways.

Before going for a run out of town take a good map and note the hills, nearest railway station (in case of accident), places of interest and a different way back to save monotony.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The Navy Department has asked proposals for sixteen new torpedo-boat destroyers and twelve torpedo-boats, to be finished within eighteen and twelve months respectively.

Secretary Alger sent to Congress the draft of a bill for a Second Assistant Secretary of War in time of war.

Congress will not adjourn until the result of the war is apparent.

Richard Harding Davis declined the office of Assistant Adjutant General, with the rank of Captain, to which President McKinley nominated him.

Stewart M. Brice, son of ex-Senator Brice, has been appointed Commissary of Subsistence, with the rank of Captain.

The Newlands resolution for the annexation of Hawaii was favorably reported by the House Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The Navy Department has been informed that the Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer Terror is lying at Fort de France, Martinique, disabled. It will be permitted to repair there. The Terror is one of the torpedo boats that accompanied the squadron from the Cape Verde Islands, and was probably disabled by the rough weather in crossing the ocean.

In consequence of the postponement of the occupation of Cuba no more troops will be concentrated at gulf ports for the present. When the time comes those at Chickamauga will have just as good a chance of going to the island as have those at Tampa.

Because of Spain's starving of non-combatants in Cuba Congressman Cooper, of Wisconsin, wants the United States to forever treat her as an outlaw among nations and refuse to resume diplomatic relations.

Many naval recruits have been secured in the West, the Navy Department announces.

Admiral Dewey cables that the latest figures give 321 Spaniards killed and 700 wounded at the battle of Cavite. An explanation of the magnitude of the casualties is to be found in the fact that the Spaniards had double crews on their ships so as to have prize crews ready for the American vessels they had confidently expected to capture.

Domestic.

John Wanamaker has been furnished 1200 Springfield rifles by the Government, and he has begun to recruit his regiment in Philadelphia.

Volunteers at Chickamauga are lacking in arms and ammunition.

A fire that started in J. M. Bates's watch case factory in Mill street, in the jewelry district at Attleboro, Mass., spread to adjoining buildings, and the loss is estimated at $500,000.

The Seventy-first New York Volunteers went into camp at Lakeland, Fla.

General Graham expressed the opinion that the invasion of Cuba will be postponed until fall.

Congressman Jesse Overstreet of the Indianapolis (Ind.) District has been renominated.

Four masked robbers, with drawn revolvers, entered a saloon on the outskirts of Trenton, N. J., and "held up" George Ford, the proprietor, and several other men, one of whom they shot and slightly wounded. Mr. Ford's daughter attacked one of the intruders and tore off his mask, whereupon the men backed out, after having secured $50 from the till.

William C. Gates, commonly known as "Swiftwater Bill," and two women were drowned by breaking through the ice on Lake Tagish in the Klondike.

Veterinary Surgeon Halsey, an Indian, of Long Island, has sued for $25,000 damages a wealthy farmer who caused his imprisonment for horse thieving.

Edouard Remenyi, the violinist, dropped dead as he was responding to an encore in a San Francisco theatre.

Mrs. S. L. Rose, who was one hundred years old on March 23, was found dead in bed at Granville, Ohio, a few days ago.

Edward Shannon, who was convicted of the murder of his wife at Belvidere, Ill., two years ago, and who was twice sentenced to be hanged, was adjudged insane in Judge Bishop's court at Wheaton. Shannon will be taken immediately to the Hospital for Criminal Insane at Chester.

Ernest Suntzenech, one of the American seamen who were wounded at Cienfuegos while cutting cables at the entrance of the harbor, died in the Marine Hospital at Key West, Fla. His leg was so badly injured that it had to be amputated, and he did not survive the shock. He was a first-class seaman, and his home was in Brooklyn.

The big bakers of New York City decided to increase the price of their bread or decrease the size of the loaf.

Fire partially destroyed the Tifft Block on Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y., causing a loss of about $100,000. The principal losers are: Charles F. Doll, furniture, $25,000; George M. Hausaner, printing plant, $20,000; John C. Lautz & Bro., wall paper, $30,000; loss on building, $15,200.

Harvard won the fourth annual debate with Princeton.

Judge Gaskill of the Superior Criminal Court of Boston, Mass., sentenced a fellow who pleaded guilty to robbing a man of seventy-two cents to four years' imprisonment in the House of Correction.

Douglas Garland, of the Cheyenne Agency, South Dakota, has listed 500 Indians who are anxious to fight against Spain. They would furnish their own horses.

J. C. McFarland's sawmill at Conway, Mich., was blown up, two men being killed and twelve injured.

The vanguard of an army of 65,000 volunteers arrived at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga.

There is complaint at Tampa, Fla., that inadequate preparations have been made for arriving troops. Some were without water for fifteen hours, and one regiment was there three days before it got any supplies.

The body of the man found in Staten Island Sound, thought at first to have been that of an army officer, was identified as Daniel O'Rourke, of Carteret, N. J. He may have been murdered.

Foreign.

Bismarck believes an alliance between the United States and Great Britain is improbable.

A heavily laden schooner sent adrift from Havana Harbor in the hope that one of our blockade ships might run into it was demolished by the cruiser Wilmington.

The Governor of St. Thomas will hereafter determine the amount of coal to be delivered to belligerents and superintend the loading of it on warships, in order to observe strict neutrality.

A lawsuit Cervera delivered an address to his men upon leaving Cape Verde, in which he urged their valor, and declared that the war, for which he held the United States responsible, was the most unjust in history.

One-half of the revenue cutter Gresham, which had been cut in two and pontooned for passage through the Canadian canals to Montreal, where it was to be reunited and sent to join the navy, went to the bottom of the St. Lawrence River.

General Gomez has been heard from at Key West and reports that his troops are in good spirits; the Spanish troops are said to be moving westward in Cuba.

Joseph Chamberlain thinks French aggressions in West Africa are a sufficient cause for war. He urges an Anglo-American alliance because of a community of commercial interests.

Prince Henry of Prussia was received by the Emperor of China in Pekin.

Spanish wrath against England is as intense since an Anglo-Saxon alliance has been suggested as it was before against America.

Warships from Cadiz are to convoy to the Philippines an expedition of 6000 picked troops under General Camprubi, accompanied by several batteries and carrying large supplies of provisions and coal for Manila.

The Spaniards expect their torpedo craft to make night raids on our blockaders and so worry and weaken them that when the rainy season sets in blockade runners may carry provisions, ammunition, etc., to Cuba and Porto Rico.

The British Government is about to fortify St. John's, N. F., owing, it is said, to the danger of war with France.

GENERAL MERRITT AND MANILA.

Military Governor Wants at Least 5000 Regular Troops.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Unless the Government includes 5000 regulars in the force to be sent to the Philippines it is possible that Major General Wesley Merritt will not be the commander of the expedition or the Military Governor of the islands after our troops have been landed. It must not be inferred from this that General Merritt will refuse to obey any order issued to him. He desires above everything, however, to have the work which he has been commissioned to undertake successful. In the few days that have passed since he was named by the President to be commander of the expedition and Military Governor of the islands he has learned many things about the Philippines that he did not know before. From what he has learned in this brief period he has become convinced that it will be almost absurd to undertake the occupation of the islands and set up a provisional Government with a force of 15,000 men, all but 1000 of whom are unseasoned militiamen, totally unaccustomed to concerted action, when that action is carried on in numbers larger than separate companies or regiments.

GENERAL WESLEY MERRITT.

General Merritt's orders so far are simply to proceed to Manila with his three aides and a staff selected for him by the Secretary of War, after he has seen to it that the expedition is properly constituted and equipped. Although he is supposed to arrange these latter details, his understanding is that the Government intends to send a force of 15,000 men, 14,000 of whom are members of the National Guard of the far Western States.

The Spanish army in the Philippines is estimated at 20,000 regulars and about 40,000 volunteers.

CORPS COMMANDERS NAMED.

A New Military Department of the Pacific Created.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The organization of the United States Army was finally completed in orders from the War Department designating the corps commanders, and in telegrams sent to the officers of volunteer regiments already mustered into service to report by telegraph to the various major generals for further orders. The principal order was as follows:

War Department.

The following assignments of general officers to commands are hereby made by the President:

Major General Wesley Merritt, Department of the Pacific.

Major General John R. Brooke, First Corps, Department of the Gulf.

Major General William M. Graham, Second Corps, with headquarters at Falls Church, Va.

Major General James F. Wade, Third Corps, report to Major General Brooke, Chickamauga.

Major General John J. Coppinger, Fourth Corps, Tampa.

Major General William R. Shafter, Fifth Corps, Mobile.

Major General Elwell S. Otis, report to General Merritt for duty with troops in the Department of the Pacific.

Major General James H. Wilson, Sixth Corps, report to General Brooke, Chickamauga.

Major General Fitzhugh Lee, Seventh Corps, Tampa.

Major General Joseph Wheeler, United States Volunteers, Cavalry Division, Tampa, Fla.

R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War.
H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General.

FATAL HOSPITAL FIRE.

The Blaze Supposed to Have Originated in the Chapel.

La Matairie, an auxiliary of the general hospital at St. Hyacinthe, Canada, was burned to the ground and six persons lost their lives. Four others are missing, and are supposed to have perished. The dead are:

Sister Marie Des Anges, Sister Philemene Demers, Sister Alexandrina Manseau, Mrs. Guertina, Mrs. Dr. Chagnon, of Fall River, Mass; Emile Beauchemin, a boy of twelve. The missing are: Miss Cilma Bissonnette, Noronette Bernier, Mrs. Rosalie Brodeur, Mrs. J. B. Berthiaump. Half a dozen others were more or less severely injured by jumping from windows. The whole place was in a blaze when the firemen arrived, and most or the 200 inmates had already escaped. The fire is supposed to have originated in the chapel, where a number of lamps were kept burning throughout the night.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK FILLING UP.

Regulars Gone, But 7000 Volunteer Soldiers Are in Camp.

Chickamauga Park, Chattanooga, Tenn., left vacant by the departure of the regulars, is now rapidly filling up with volunteers. From all parts of the country the volunteers are now pouring into the park in train loads and the work of getting them camped and properly accommodated is an immense job.

The First Regiment of Ohio Cavalry, 600 men, under the command of Colonel Day, the first to arrive, is now well located, close to the Lafayette road.

The Third Wisconsin, 1026 men, under the command of Colonel M. T. Moore, arrived on three special trains and went to the park.

The Third Illinois Regiment of Infantry, twelve companies, 1079 men, under command of Colonel Fred Bennett, arrived or four trains.

New England Bankers Alarmed.

Many bankers of New England coast cities have begged the United States Comptroller to allow them to transfer their funds to inland points, but the Comptroller has refused on the strength of a statement from the Navy Department that the firing heard off that coast was in every case target-firing by United States warships.

Press Censorship Threatened.

A rigid press censorship is threatened by Washington officials if the newspapers keep on printing the news of the whereabouts of American warships.

Russia Wants an Explanation.

The Russian Ambassador at London has been directed, so it is said, to demand from the British Government an explanation of the Colonial Secretary's sensational speech in which an Anglo-Saxon alliance was broached and Russia was denounced as unfit for an ally because of her perfidy.

Three Were Drowned.

Edward Wentz, of Baltimore, Md., thirty-six years old; his daughter Lulu, four years old, and Miss Lucy Plugrath, of Chicago, were drowned in Round Bay. The boat in which they and three others were sailing capsized.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN

THE COUNTRY IN EXCELLENT SHAPE FOR WAR.

Present Sound Conditions Contrasted With the Distrust, Depression and Industrial Paralysis Which Prevailed During Four Years of Free Trade.

It will be interesting to take a retrospective view of the situation and to consider what might have been the results had such a crises as the present occurred at any time during the Democratic free trade administration of Grover Cleveland, and especially when the steadily increasing deficiency in revenues, caused by the operation of the Wilson free trade tariff, was keeping the "endless chain" in constant motion, draining the Treasury of gold as water runs through a sieve. The administration of Mr. Cleveland was barren of beneficial financial, political or revenue results. There was an entire absence of confidence on the part of the people in the ability of the President successfully to meet the most ordinary emergency, and during the minor crises, which were of frequent occurrence, values of securities violently fell and capital constantly sought retirement.

Suppose that at any time during the Cleveland administration, when the financial conditions of the country were in a state of feverish unrest, there had been such a disturbance of our international relations as those which have led up to the outbreak of the war with Spain. With the country wholly unprepared, either financially or physically, for such a crisis, with our navy but little better than that of a fifth-rate power, with the Government of Great Britain none too friendly, though her manufacturers were prospering through the destruction of one of our principal industries, by reason of the free trade tariff and with an entire absence of harmony between the Executive and the Legislative branches of the Government, any effort which he might have made to bring about even the slightest amelioration of the condition of the Cubans or an abandonment of the barbarous treatment of the reconcentrados would doubtless have been indignantly resented and probably forcibly resisted by Spain. Unquestionably there would have followed most destructive panicky conditions intensified by the absence of confidence by the people in the ability of the administration successfully to meet the emergency. It is quite conceivable that this disturbance would have caused a most humiliating back-down on the part of our Government, or at least an abandonment by us of further efforts to interfere with Spain in her conduct of military operations in Cuba.

President McKinley had a well-defined financial, revenue and international policy at the outset of his administration. His election at once restored confidence. The directness with which he carried out his plan for the inauguration of a protective tariff stimulated business and industrial enterprises. The Congress and the people actively seconded his efforts and harmonious relations were established between the Executive and the Legislative branches of the Government. His treatment of the Cuban question was marked by firmness and moderation, and his insistance, from time to time, that Spain should more humanely conduct the contest in Cuba resulted in a material modification of the rigors of the conflict.

When the "Maine" incident occurred the resulting panicky feeling was quickly allayed by the assurance which the country had that the administration was fully competent and that it could be implicitly trusted to meet any emergency, however grave, that might arise. Confidence was felt in the efficacy of the measures which were taken by the President to prepare for any possible crisis, and when the time came for vigorous action the President's request for an extraordinary appropriation for war purposes was promptly and unanimously acceded to, Congress placing $50,000,000 under the absolute control of the Executive.

When preparations for war actively began and when each step distinctly foreshadowed the outcome of war unless Spain yielded to our demand, there was no panic, not the least expression of apprehension, no retirement of capital into hoards, no material disturbance of the market for money, and, with the exception of snarls by free trade advocates, no unfavorable criticisms of the administration.

To the results of the protective tariff we are very largely indebted for this splendid exhibition of confidence. Though encountering almost insurmountable obstacles, the Dingley tariff demonstrated its efficiency as a revenue producer. It stimulated business and industrial enterprises. It aided in the restoration of the gold reserve of the Treasury by silencing the disturbing rattle of the "endless chain." It gave assurance that when normal conditions shall be resumed, the era of prosperity will return, and through its direct and indirect influence it has made it possible for the country to prepare for and to meet the crisis of a foreign war without resorting to an external loan.

Not So Good as It Used to Be.

Uniformly Prosperous.

The policy of protection to American interests seems to be prospering on sea and land.

OUR FOREIGN ADVISERS.

Great Benefits Realized by Disregarding Their Advice.

The amount of gratuitous advice tendered from Europe on the subject of the economic policy of the United States is really quite remarkable under all the circumstances. The unsought counsel which comes from England, for example, without charge of any kind, is more than remarkable—it is extraordinary. It would seem from this that free traders are the most completely unselfish people in all the world. How else shall we account for the fact that England is continually advising the United States to discard its protective tariff as a means of conquering the trade of the world, when, if this advice were to be followed and this result should ensue, Great Britain would, in consequence, be plunged into irretrievable bankruptcy through the loss of the markets thus gained by the United States?

It is difficult to escape one of two conclusions, either that England is throbbing with desire to sacrifice all her material interests for the benefit of the United States, or else that there is a mistake somewhere in the calculation that by the abolition of her tariff America would monopolize the world's markets.

Some years ago an American consul named Schoenhoff, serving under the free trade administration of President Cleveland, was at great pains to collect figures showing that the percentage of labor cost in manufactures was lower in the United States than in any foreign country. This being the case, it should follow, according to the Cobdenite doctrine, that upon a free trade basis no nation could possibly compete with us in manufactures.

But, somehow, it didn't follow at all. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Wilson tried it in 1894, by lowering the tariff down to somewhere near English ideas and by reducing the wages of American work people.

What happened then? Did the United States promptly proceed to capture the trade of all creation? By no means. What actually did happen was that the United States promptly proceeded to lose the biggest part of her home market, and for nearly four years a condition of ruin and depression beyond anything ever before known in this country prevailed. Foreign manufacturers flooded our market with their products, and a large portion of our own mills and factories were compelled to suspend operations. The fact that our percentage of labor cost was lower than that of Europe did not prevent the rapid increase of foreign imports into the United States.

It would therefore appear that England's overpowering desire to see protection abolished in America was not altogether disinterested, for the period of Great Britain's greatest prosperity in all her history was the period of the Wilson low tariff and no-tariff. It is also a fact that the greatest depression England has ever known in some lines of manufacture has occurred since the restoration of protective rates of duty under the Dingley law.

To-day, as the direct result of refusing to follow British advice, the United States has not only recaptured from foreign hands her own great home market, but has extended her trade throughout the world to an extent and at a rate which far surpasses all previous records of this or any other country.

Foreign advisers have, however, been of incalculable benefit to the people of our country in one way—exactly the same way that the lives of millions of human beings have been saved by pins and needles, by not swallowing them!

For General Information.

Congressman De Armond wants to know about the promises of the Republican party. Well, we promised to stop the necessity for issuing bonds with which to pay the expenses of the Government, for one thing. We have heard nothing suggesting such a thing as being necessary of late, unless it is in connection with war expenses. We promised to enact a tariff bill that would raise revenue enough to pay the bills, and the Dingley law is doing very well indeed.

Now we would like to have Mr. De Armond explain why the price of wheat has not continued in the dumps and refused to rise in price above fifty cents per bushel, in sympathy with the price of silver, as he, Mr. Bryan and all the greater and lesser lights so vehemently declared it would. We would like to have him explain why it is that gold importations continue, right in the face of a declaration of war, and in conformity to the natural laws of trade, if, as was so blandly told us, the control of gold was solely with a few European bankers.

We would like to have Mr. De Armond, in his present inquiring mood, look up the record of imports and exports for the month of the present year and explain why they are so favorable as compared with last year, if the tariff laws that he has denounced in Congress were placing a Chinese wall of exclusion about this country.—Lowell Mail.

Buying More American Cloth.

March shipments from Bradford to the United States show a decrease of $3,500,000 as compared with shipments for the same month of 1897. The shrinkage was chiefly in worsted coatings, stuff goods, worsted and mohair yarns, woolen goods, wool, shoddy, etc. From Huddersfield the shipments of worsteds and woolens to the United States show a heavy falling off. The reports from these English cloth weaving centers show that Americans are buying and wearing American fabrics far more than they did under the low tariff and no tariff provisions of the Wilson-Gorman law. This illustrates the value of Dingley tariff protection.

American Cutlery.

In Sheffield, according to Hardware, Metals and Machinery, of April 16, "the collapse of the American trade has been greatly felt." America now makes its own cutlery for the most part, and in price, quality, style and finish is able to compete with the best as well as the cheapest of European make. This is what American enterprise and skill, fostered by protection, has been able to accomplish in the cutlery industry.

MISTER SOJER MAN.

I ain't got time ter fool wid you,
Mister Sojer man;
Never did look good in blue,
Mister Sojer Man.
'Sides dat, I got my wuk ter do—
Feed myself and fambly, too;
Ain't got time ter fool wid you,
Mister Sojer Man!

Go 'long now, en fight yo' fight,
Mister Sojer Man;
Fling dem bombshell lef' en right,
Mister Sojer Man.
Got ter hoe dat cotton white,
Keep dat nutgrass out er sight;
Go 'long now, en fight yo' fight,
Mister Sojer Man!
—Atlanta Constitution.

HUMOROUS.

He—I'm saddest when I sing. She—Well, how do you suppose I feel.

First Mormon—And what has shaken your belief in polygamy? Second Mormon (with a sigh)—My four wives.

First Critic—There's no excuse for that man trying to play Hamlet. Second Critic—Yes, there is! He's getting paid for it.

"Tell the class what an island is, Sammy." "Yes'm; an island is a body of land surrounded by United States battleships."

Governess—I never in my life saw a little girl so wilful, exacting, cross and unreasonable as you are. Little Girl—I dess I takes after my stepmother.

Governor of the Prison—What is the cause of this unseemly delay? Jailer—That expert headsman you engaged from the college is sterilizing the axe.

"Some are ready to go to war the moment they are needed," remarked the observer of men and things, "and others the moment they are not needed."

Watts—They tell me that there are more than 50,000 tramps in this country. Dismal Dawson—Don't you believe it. More'n half of 'em is only imitations.

"That widow who sued for $1000 damages because a man hugged her has been awarded $1." "How was that? Did the evidence show that she edged up a little?"

"Sometimes," said Uncle Eben, "er young man dat hab a lot o' push makes de mistake ob applyin' it all ter de bicycle ob pleasure 'stid ob savin' some foh de wheelbarrow of necessity."

Hicks—Dumleigh is not what you would call a brilliant conversationalist. Wicks—No; but then, there is one thing in his favor. He is never troubled by having people plagiarize his good things.

"My son," said the aged politician, "it is better, especially when you are talking about the enemies in your own party, to use only soft and honeyed words. They are much easier to eat, should occasion arise."

"Excuse me, but it seems to me that I must have met you before. Are you not a brother or a near relative of Major Gibbs?" "No, Im Major Gibbs himself." "Ah, indeed, that explains the remarkable resemblance."

Doctor—You must give up drinking, and—— Mr. Sickly—I never touch a drop. Doctor—And stop smoking. Mr. Sickly—I don't smoke. Doctor—Humph! that's bad; if you haven't anything to give up, I'm afraid I can't do much for you.

Lawyer Banks—De Cree, I saw a man today who had just got back from Alaska with $10,000 in gold strapped about his waist. De Cree—Why didn't he carry it in his pockets? Lawyer Banks—I guess his wife was with him.

Tortoises Used as Gems.

Brazilian beauties are said to wear fireflies in their hair, which gives a chance to poets of rhapsodizing on the stellar crowns of its ebon night. But what bard could sing of the reptile gem which an ingenious jeweler of the Rue Royale of Paris has invented for his fashionable customers? This is a jeweled tortoise. The little live creature, no bigger than a five-franc piece, is kept prisoner by a slender gold chain eight or ten inches in length, so that it can ramble over its lady owner's neck and shoulders. Not being of itself a thing of beauty, it has beauty forced upon it and is compelled to bear a precious jewel on its back. Does it hurt? The Parisian Society for the Protection of Animals sent to inquire, but found the small creatures apparently contented and torpidly happy. They may not have been conscious that they had risen in the world's esteem from a crown to $10 or $100, but they are perfectly aware that their feelings had been no whit wounded. The gems which adorn them are, in fact, arranged in a platinum setting, which is clasped to the margins of the carapace—a dorsal shield composed of bone and horn, which does not suffer from neuralgia, as it has no nerves. Of course, it is the proper thing to be shocked at this freak of fashion as a new French enormity, but the best society has not adopted it. As for the cruelty of it, it may, perhaps, surprise the tortoise to be removed from its native mud and moisture, but could hardly annoy anything so placid and purposeless. It does not suffer at the hands of its decorators, as do ladies who have ears or noses or lips pierced for beauty's sake.

The Chinese as Mathematicians.

Cambridge university has just had a remarkable proof of the mathematical genius of the Chinese. Some time ago much surprise was caused among mathematicians generally by the discovery among the papers of the late Sir Thomas Wade of Chinese fame of evidence that in the time of Confucius the Chinese knew an equation which only became known in Europe during the last century, when it was discovered by Fermat, and has since been known as Ferma's equation. But the Chinese version recently discovered stated that the equation did not hold with regard to certain numbers. This puzzled the mathematicians, and all efforts to solve the point have hitherto failed. Now, however,

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Startled the Old Man.

The acoustics of Statuary hall in the capitol at Washington are a matter of wonder to tourists, and many are the tricks played upon them. An exchange tells of a youth employed in one of the departments who was visited by his father recently and took the old gentleman to Statuary hall. There is a block about the center of the circular hall where, if one stands and faces the north, a sound uttered from the doorway, 40 feet in the rear, seems to be immediately in front of this block. The youth managed to get his father on the block and, attracting his attention toward a statue in front, slipped to the rear and said: "What time have you? My watch has stopped." The father drew out his watch and was half through giving him the time when he looked around and saw that he was standing alone and that the son was nowhere to be seen. He was bewildered and looked like the man from beneath whose coat collar the magician has just extracted a live goose. Presently the son stepped forth from the pillar where he had been in hiding, but it required many explanations to restore the old gentleman's serenity.

Everybody Says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb'y. 21, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Railand Steamerlines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Stops at Roanke Island going South Tuesdays and Saturdays and Northbound Tuesdays, 8, m.

The Steamer Newbern leaves Elizabeth City Mondays at noon and Wednesday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern. Stops at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke and Oriental going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphio, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

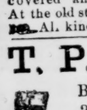
From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞Al. kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,



BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold anything that gave such universal satisfaction. Yours truly,

Lovell, Gann & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

A RECORD TO BE PROUD OF.

The favorable foreign trade balance of the United States was increased something like $40,000,000 during the month of March. For that month the exports of American products and manufactures were in value $25,000,000 greater than for March, 1897, while the imports showed a decrease of $15,000 as compared with those of March a year ago. The value of manufactured goods exported during March of this year was $28,214,450, or at the rate of $338,573,400 for a full year.

For the nine months ended with March manufactured exports were worth $208,788,000 more than for the corresponding months of the preceding fiscal year. In spite of the war the year is certain to be a record breaker in the matter of exports as well as in the amount of our trade balance. The latter, from present appearances, will amount to about $600,000,000. There is a record to be proud of for the first year of Protection.

THE REASON WHY.

The persons and papers that are blaming the government for not relieving the reconcentrados overlook several important circumstances. In only one way can the reconcentrados be aided by the United States, and that is by sending an army to Cuba large enough to promptly crush or capture the Spanish forces.

At the beginning of the war this country had no army big enough to do this work. It has at present a sufficient force under arms, but only a small part of it had until now received the training requisite for the task. Troops cannot safely be transported to Cuba until the large Spanish fleet on this side of the Atlantic is either captured and sunk, and our war ships are thus released to capture a port or two in Cuba and cover the landing of troops.

A FEW FACTS.

It is a matter of history that while a low American Tariff was in force, and British statesmen were urging upon Americans the policy of competing with Great Britian for the market of the world, British imports into the United States rapidly increased in spite of the fact that the labor cost of goods was less in the United States than in Europe. It is also a matter of history that since the American Tariff duties have been reestablished at the old rates the imports have decreased in proportion to consumption. In the exceptional case where there has been an increase in imports under the present Tariff the increase may be traced to the greater purchasing power of the people under the higher Tariff.

Men and women who had the good fortune to be schoolmates of George Dewey are making the fact known wherever a newspaper is printed in the English language. That old Vermont school house must have been an immense structure, or else young Dewey spent the first twenty years of his life in accumulating schoolmates.

It is very plain that the bicycle girl has not read the proposed war revenue bill, or she would be down in Washington in force to knock out the tax of one cent on each five cent package of chewing gum. Have our athletic girls no longer any rights that a government is bound to respect?

The words of old John Adams are as applicable now as when he uttered them. "We shall not fail. The cause will raise up armies: the cause will create navies. The people, if we are true to them, will cary us, and will carry themselves, gloriously through this struggle."

The war with Spain has been on but a few weeks, but it has demonstrated the importance of at least two projects that have been violently opposed by many in recent years. One is the annexation of Hawaii, the other the building and American ownership of the Nicarauga ship canal.

It would be a strange freak of fortune if, a few weeks hence, Gen Fitzhugh Lee should be Provisional Governor of Cuba, with his head quarters in the city where General Blanco recently declined to see him.

There is no need to worry about 1900. The patriotism that is taking care of the country in the present emergency can be depended upon to prevent it doing anything foolish in the next Presidential election.

The Wilmington Star rises to remark that when Marion Butler and Daniel L. Russell are together, Democrats will give them a wide birth.

How long the world will last, six months or a year, no man on errth can tell.

WHO ARE OUR FRIENDS?

One thing we shall learn from the present war; when we get through we will know who are our friends. At present we seem to have very few. It is fortunate that Americans cannot read the articles on their country in the French and German papers and that Americans abroad care so little what foreiugners say or think about their country that they rarely report the expressions of mis apprehenslon of motives, of evil wishes and venomous hate which inform the talk of people in society.

The idea that a war can be undertaken on anything but selfish grounds or for territorial aggrandizement is utterly foreign to the upper circles in Berlin or Paris. We may as well understand that the privileged classes everywhere hate us. They hate us for showing that they are unnescary, that emperors and princes and dukes and their entire retinue offlun keys are of no value for the prosperity and orderly development of a nation.

The attitude of the American people towards the ruling classes of Europe is one of calm and amused curiosity. It irritates them and they hate us cordially.

A GREAT COUNTRY.

This is a great country. The victorious Commodore of the Asiatic fleet is a Vermont Yankee. The splendid administrator of American affairs during the great crisis in Cuba, General Fitzhugh Lee, comes from an old Virginia family. Our President is a plain citizen of old-fashioned, plain Ohio. War with Spain is making us forget everything of the past, excepting our National glory, and it is proving that, after all, we are a Nation and not a mere combination of sections or collection of States.

The odds are about even on the question of whether the Spanish monarchy will go under through an internal or an external explosion.

Every Spanish proclamation so far issued contained the same sentiment an American feels when he is bluffing.

The fact is coming out with increasing distinctness that Hawaii is one of the great keys of the Pacific.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 20, 1898.

The landing of an army in Cuba, which would have been an accomplished fact before now had not the movement been held up with the expectation that the Spanish fleet, now somewhere in the West Indian waters, had crossed the Atlantic with the intention of seeking a fight with our warships, is to go ahead regardless of the movement of the Spanish fleet, it having become apparent that the Spanish fleet is seeking to avoid rather than to fight our fleets. Owing to the desire of President McKinley to keep the news of the movements of our army and navy from reaching the Spaniards, it has heretofore done, a more specific statement cannot be made in advance. But it can be said without violating any confidence, and without giving the enemy any pointers, that the fastest ships in Admiral Sampson's fleet are going to chase that Spanish fleet around until it is found and destroyed, and that the invasion of Cuba is going to be pushed without waiting for the Spanish fleet to be whipped.

Our naval strength in Cuban waters has been increased by the safe arrival of the battleship Oregon, the Marietta and the dynamite cruiser Buffalo, which the the Spaniards had been ttying to intercept in their long voyage.

Up to this time General Blanco has had free cable communication with Madrid, as well as with the admiral of the Spanish fleet, but he will not have it much longer. In fact, it is doubtful whether he has at this time. There are five cable lines from Cuba to the United State, two to Jamaica and one to Haiti. Orders have been given to cut the three last named. That will break Blanco's communication as he cannot send messages over the two cables to this country, both being now under government supervision. Gen Greely, chief United Signal officer, has advocated cutting these cables from the first as a war measure.

It is the desire of President McKinley and Secretary Long that the medals voted to the officers and men of Admiral Dewey's squadron by Congress, in commemoration of the great victory won by them in Manila harbor, shall be of the very best design that can be obtained from the best American artists. Assistant Secretary Allen, of the Navy Department, has been chosen to be chairman of the committee charged with the honor of selecting the design for the medal. It is likely that all American artist will be invited to submit their designs.

The majority report from the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, in favor of the joint resolution providing for the annexation of Hawaii, is one of the strongest documents of the kind ever presented to the House. It says of the proposed annexation: "There is no undue pressure on the part of the United States as a greater power; no surprise of any one; no possibility of objections by other governments. It is simply the obvious result of the natural course of events through a long period of years thus completed with the cordial consent of the sovereign powers of both the governments. The only question involved is whether the proposed possession of the Hawaiian Islands would be advantageous to the United States." The report concluded by saying: "The acquisition of these islands does not contravene our national policy or traditions. It carries out the Monroe doctrine, which excludes European powers from interfering in the American continent and outlying islands, but does not limit the United States, and this doctrine has long been applied to these very islands by our government.

Admiral Dewey's brave men are to receive a financial reward for their good work in Manila harbor in addition to the thanks of the President, the Congress and the people. It was discovered this week that there is a law authoringing the payment of $100 for each man on an enemy's ship of war that is destroy in action. As the entire eleven ships of the Spanish fleet were destroyed and they are known to have been heavily manned in the expectation of having to furnish prize crews for Dewey's squadron, which they thought they would capture, it is estimated that about $200,000 will be divided among Dewey's men.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Prceedings of the Dare County Commissioners.

Board met May 11, 1898; all the members present.

The order of July 2, 1894, making Mill Tail Creek a public high way was revoked, as per petition on file asking for same.

Ordered that Dr. P. John be paid $20 for publishing the proceedings of the Commissioners the past year; also $1 for school tickets.

Ordered that A. W. Jones and C. B. Bliven be appointed to settle with the Sheriff.

Ordered that A. W. Jones make a deed for County lands to Mrs Martha Farrow, as per agreement on file.

Ordered that E. H. Williams sr., have a rebate of 94 cents rebate on his taxes.

Ordered that Timothy Knight be continued as Keeper of the Home of the aged and infirm.

Ordered that Geo. E. Pelcher be granted license to peddle goods as per stipulated terms.

The following order were allowed: A. W. Price, Com'r, 1 day and 50 miles, $7; W. R. Jennett, 1 day and 60 miles, $8; J. B. Holmes, 1 day and 25 miles, $4.50; J. B. Jennett, stationary, $21.58; John Horton, street and Court house work, $4; Harrell P House, supplies Reg. office, $3.36; A. W. Jones, clerical work and expenses, $21.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows "I was in a most dreadful condition My skin was almost yellow, eyes sank en tongue coated, pain continualy in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters," and to my great oy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another vctim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents a bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug store.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

Elizabeth City District—3rd Round.—R. A. Willis, P. E., Eliz. City, N. C.

South Camden, Perkins,	June	4	5
Pasquotank Union,	"	11	12
Roper, Pleasant Grove,	"	18	19
Plymounth (night)	"		19
Edenton,	"	25	26
Pantego, at Pantego,	July	2	3
Gates, Zion,	"	9	10
Kinnakeet, Kinnakeet,	"	16	17
Hatteras, Cape, (at night)	"		17
North Gates, Kittrels	"	23	24
Columbia, Scuppernong.	"		27
Perquimans, Oak Grove	"		31
" " "	August		1
Currituck, Baxter's Grove	"		2
Dare, East Lake,	"	6	7
Roanoke Island, Mt. Olivet,	"	13	14
Hertford, Evans,	"	21	22
Kitty Hawk,	"	27	28
Camden, Sharon	Sept.	4	5

☞The Elizabeth City District Conference will be held in Edentou on June 23d—26th.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Great Rat Catchers.

According to an account in The Journal d'Hygiene, rats have become so abundant in Brazil that a domestic snake, the giboya, which has about the circumference of the arm, is sold in the market place in Rio Janeiro, to be kept in the house as a protection against rodents. It would seem that the serpent pursues its prey more for the pleasure that there is in it than from a sense of hunger, since it is said it rarely eats the rats caught. Similar in its habits and attachments to the domestic cat of our more northern latitudes, the giboya will, it is said, find its way back to the house of its master even if transported to a considerable distance.

The seal worn by the pope and used by him on official documents to which his signature is attached has on it the engraving of a fish, with the cipher of the wearer. Since the thirteenth century every pope has worn a ring of this character, and it is shattered with a hammer when the wearer dies to prevent its use on a forged document.

Easy.

"Oh, see here! Come and look at Dickinson's manuscripts!" were the first words that fell upon my receptive ears. Dickinson! Such is fame! The speech fell from the lips of a middle aged lady comfortable in appearance, admirably dressed. "Dickens — Dickens," proclaimed her spouse rather sharply. "Didn't I say Dickins? Well, I meant Dickins." Then she went on: "Fancy him making all those corrections—such a famous writer. Why, I always thought it was so easy, John."—London News.

Only three people know the password of the Tower of London, and they are the queen, the lord mayor and the constable. This password is sent to the lord mayor quarterly, signed by her majesty. It is merely a survival of an old custom.

The north of Ireland is justly famed for holiday resorts, for its beautiful scenery and many spots of historical interest.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michel Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested D. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued to use it and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. Wadsworth's drug Store. Large bottles 50c and $1.

OFFICIAL

WAR BOOK

by Congressman Jas. Rankin Young. All about War with Spain, the Navy, all defences, Battleships, etc. Portraits and biographies of Dewey and all prominent officers. Nearly 600 pages. Massive volume. Marvelously cheap. Best authorship. Only authentic book. Experience not necessary. Anybody can sell it. Ladies as successful as gentlemen. We are the largest subscription book firm in America. Write us. Fifty perfons are employed in our correspondence department alone, to serve you. Our book is just out. Get agency now and be first in the field. Large 50c War Map in colors free with book or outfit. Other valuable premiums. Tremendous seller. Biggest Money maker ever known. Most liberal terms guaranteed. Agents making $7.00 to $28.00 per day. Twenty days credit given. Freight paid. Full book sent prepaid to agents $1.45. Splendid outfit and full instructions free for nine 2 cent stamps to pay the postage. Mention this paper.

MONROE BOOK CO. Dep't M., Chicago, Ill.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ARITHMETIC 1700 B. C.

Sums Over Which Egyptian Children Puzzled Their Brains.

Probably the oldest copy book for home lessons in arithmetic was recently unearthed in Egypt. The papyrus, which was found in excellent condition, dates from the period about 1700 B. C.—that is, about 100 years before the time of Moses, or almost 3,600 years ago. It proves that the Egyptians had a thorough knowledge of elementary mathematics almost to the extent of our own. The papyrus has a long heading, "Direction how to attain the knowledge of all dark things," etc. Numerous examples show that their principal operations with entire units and fractions were made by means of addition and multiplication. Subtractions and divisions were not known in their present form, but correct results were obtained nevertheless.

Equations are also found in the papyrus. Among the examples given is this one: Ten measures of barley are to be divided among ten persons in such a manner that each subsequent person receives one-eighth of a measure less than the one before him. Another example given is: There are seven men, each one has seven cats, each cat has eaten seven mice, each mouse has eaten seven grains of barley. Each grain of barley would, if cultivated, have yielded seven measures of barley. How much barley has been lost in that way? The papyrus also contains calculations of area, the calculation of the area of a circle and its transformation into a square, and finally calculations of the cubic measurements of pyramids.—Philadelphia Record.

Shaking Hands.

Men shake hands with strangers of their own sex with far greater readiness than do women. Two men, on being presented to one another, will frequently extend the hand in a grasp of greeting, which gives opportunity to form a general idea of each other's make up, and know whether they are attracted or repulsed. Occasionally there is a man with sufficient good nature and courage to refuse another man's hand without causing offense. There are men who have been so impressed with the discoveries of bacteriology that they maintain handshaking to be the cause of dissemination of disease germs. The bare hand comes in contact with innumerable germs looking for pasturage on some vulnerable spot of our anatomy. A cut or abrasion on the hand leaves a door open for the admission of the enemy. Therefore it is with reason that men argue against promiscuous handshaking out of the home among the men met in business life. Science long ago frowned upon the practice of promiscuous kissing, which prevailed among women. Is the ungloved handshake also doomed? —New York Ledger.

WINE OF CARDUI

MONTHLY SUFFERING.

Thousands of women are troubled at monthly intervals with pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides hips and limbs. But they need not suffer.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements that can be corrected. The menstrual function should operate painlessly.

McELREE'S

Wine of Cardui

makes menstruation painless, and regular. It puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. And that stops all this pain. Why will any woman suffer month after month when Wine of Cardui will relieve her? It costs $1.00 at the drug store. Why don't you get a bottle to-day?

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. ROZENA LEWIS, of Oenaville, Texas, says: "I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

WINE OF CARDUI

WHEN YOUR EYES SMILE TOO.

When your eyes smile too—when your eyes smile too,
It's then I know your hidden heart is laughing out with you.
It's often I have seen your lips go searching up a smile,
And, oh, I somehow knew your heart was grieving all the while.
And the sky was dark and gloomy and the bird songs were so few,
And the sun forgot its shining—till your eyes smiled too!

When your eyes smile too—when your eyes smile too,
Oh, the listen of the willows and the glisten of the dew!
Oh, the brightness of the meadow and the lightness of the grain,
And the music of the little winds that laugh along the lane!
Oh, the whisper of the valley and the deepness of the blue,
And the glory just of living when your eyes smile too!

—New York Press.

FIRING ON THE MOB.

The Scene After the Death Dealing Volley Had Done Its Work.

The yelling mass below neared the walls. A whistle pierced the tumult. From the windows jetted swift lines of flame, and a shattering volley tore the air.

A crash, and then stillness on the mob, an intense hush, a swift paralysis; a blue gray smoke cloud floated up the walls and out over the jailyard. Men gasped, then held their breath. From their nests in the eaves startled sparrows flew above the crowd with frightened twitterings.

In the jail corridor sounded the clink, clink of empty shells falling to the floor as nervous fingers fumbled at boxes or shoved fresh cartridges home with a snap snapping of breechblocks, while staring eyes were fixed upon the scene outside.

From below came a new sound, the noise of agony. On the outskirts of the crowd men were running. The men surged back from the jail walls. In the space left clear lay prostrate forms outstretched or huddled in attitudes of grotesque horror on the stone paved way. One figure half arose, wavered backward and then fell toward the retreating mob with a gasping cry. Men running back from the crowd with apprehensive glances at the windows carried off the limp forms. In the crowd men bore up other men who reeled and staggered to and fro.

The corridor was very still. The guard stood in silence. Here and there one drew a long breath, with a slow heaving of the chest and a lifting of the shoulders. Turning their eyes with an effort from the mob, they glanced at each other as though seeking confirmation for their thoughts, to be assured that all this thing had happened, that the dark forms on the pavement below had been a grim reality. A slight, pale faced private threw his rifle to the floor and turned his face from the window, with a burst of shuddering sobs. Others swore apparently at nothing and busied themselves with their weapons. No one paid any heed to the private who wept except that his next rank man stooped and picked up his rifle. The smell of burned powder hung in the air.—H. H. Bennett in Lippincott's.

Doghouses and Dog Kennels.

Doghouse is the name applied to a house made for a dog to live in out of doors; dog kennel to a house or box built for a dog's quarters indoors. The doghouse is likely to be for a big dog; the kennel, in private houses, for a little dog. There are few doghouses used in the city, and in proportion to the number of pet dogs not a great many kennels, but still the number of kennels in the aggregate is considerable.

Doghouses are made with a sloping roof to shed rain. No such necessity exists in the case of the kennel, and kennels are always made with a flat top. Things may be placed on top of them. The kennel is practically an oblong box made of yellow or white pine or of whitewood, and customarily painted white and without ornamentation. The kennel has a grated opening in the top for purposes of ventilation, with a cover to put over to prevent draft. Formerly the doors of such kennels were made of wire cloth; now they are all made with bars of a very small sized gas piping.

The kennel of this kind is so made that it is raised at the corners enough to make the bottom clear the floor, and it is often mounted on casters, so that it can be conveniently moved about from room to room. Such kennels are made by carpenters, and they cost $5 to $10 each, according to the size.—New York Sun.

What "Cocs" on the Yukon.

In The Century there is an article on "The River Trip to the Klondike," written by John Sidney Webb. Mr. Webb says:

Alaska is a country of more square miles than square meals, and the legendary governor of North Carolina would have found little else but muddy Yukon water, assaying 50 per cent solids to the liquid ton, in which to quench his celebrated thirst. "Do as you please" is the motto. In civilization cents are worn for various reasons, "on the Yukon" because it blows up cold or rains. Napkins, tablecloths, sheets and pillows do not "go" on the Yukon, or have not heretofore. Even the Klondike millionaire packs his blankets and takes what he can get.

Song and Talk.

"What is a song recital, Uncle Christopher?"

"A song recital? Well, somebody sings all afternoon, and an audience of women talk through the whole performance."—Detroit Free Press.

Persistent Coughs

A cough which seems to hang on in spite of all the remedies which you have applied certainly needs energetic and sensible treatment. For twenty-five years that standard preparation of cod-liver oil,

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has proved its effectiveness in curing the trying affections of the throat and lungs, and this is the reason why: the cod-liver oil, partially digested, strengthens and vitalizes the whole system; the hypophosphites act as a tonic to the mind and nerves, and the glycerine soothes and heals the irritation. Can you think of any combination so effective as this?

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC	....CASCARETS are made of the best cascara, and are candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cathartic pills.
PURELY VEGETABLE	....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.
ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE	....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from fermenting in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.
LIVER STIMULANT	....CASCARETS stimulate and tone the liver, clean the bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous, healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.
BOON FOR MOTHERS	....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.
PLEASE THE CHILDREN	....CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.
CURE GUARANTEED	....CASCARETS, when taken by persons strictly according to directions, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation in the shortest time possible, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.
HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS	....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will cure the most severe and put them into vigorous, healthy condition. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 288

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET.

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

Reference—Guirkin & Co., Bankers, Elizabeth City, N. C. and other Financial uses when desired

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters,

Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

☞Agents.

S. B. Miller & Co.

WHOLESALE

Commission Fish Dealers,

7 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

Clarance G. Miller,
Miller Longbotham.

Established 1861.

Saml. M. Lawder & Sons

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

Fresh ::: Fish

Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.

BALTIMORE MD,

Quick Sales. Prompt Returns

REFERENCES:

Traders National Bank, Duns' Mercantile Agency, Wm. J. Hooper & Co. Dukehart & Co., The J. S. Johnson & Company.

NG. Grandy & Co

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

Atlantic COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

A SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES

Prepares for College, Business Life and U. S. Military and Naval Academies.

Full Faculty of Eight Teachers. Fine Music Department.

Special Teacher of Stenography and Typewriting.

Expenses of tuition very low. Board and Full tuition costs from $120 to $130 per school year.

This school is endorsed by the best Educators in the State.

Write for Catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, President.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

VICK'S SEEDS

3 RAMBLER ROSES! WHITE, YELLOW, CRIMSON.

Will make a magnificent hedge, beautiful shade for the piazza, or a charming bed. Constant bloomer; perfectly hardy. One plant prepaid, three thousands of plants.

ONLY FORTY CENTS, DELIVERED.

VICK'S Garden and Floral GUIDE Free Upon ...Application

THE BUSY MAN'S CATALOGUE and the Ladies' Gardener and Adviser

The only one containing full Descriptions and Directions for planting and culture; so comprehensive, condensed, classified and indexed that

He Who Runs May Read. Many illustrations from nature. Colored plates of Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums, Tuberous Begonias, Golden Bay Lily, Cactus Dahlias, Daybreak Asters. Beautifully embossed cover. 120 large pages completely filled with honest illustrations.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

FREE (for the postage) Vick's Illustrated Monthly..... Magazine,

The Famous Gardening Authority.

Is a veritable mine of information about Flowers, Vegetables and Fruits, and how to grow and care for them successfully. The price of Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine is Fifty Cents per year, but if you will return this coupon with six two-cent stamps the magazine will be mailed to you regularly for six months on trial. Write at once to

VICK PUB. CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

"THE STYLISH PATTERN." Artistic. Fashionable. Original. Perfect-Fitting. Prices 10 and 15 cents. None higher. None better at any price. Some reliable merchant sells them in nearly every city or town. Ask for them; or they can be had by mail from us in either New York or Chicago. Stamps taken. Latest Fashion Sheet sent upon receipt of one cent to pay postage.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

Brightest ladies' magazine published. Invaluable for the home. Fashions of the day, Home Literature, Household Hints, Fancy Work, Current Topics, Fiction, all for only 50 cents a year, including a free pattern, your own selection any time. Send two 2-cent stamps for sample copy. Address

THE McCALL COMPANY,
142-146 West 14th Street, New York.
139 Fifth Avenue, Chicago.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Pat ent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with descrip tion. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

Bicycles
Of
Known
Reputation
Only

are a safe investment for 1898. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes you had better keep your hands off. Do you buy pretty paint or Bicycles? Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

MAKE A CAREFUL INVESTIGATION

and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have on exhibition, and can give you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durability and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

Hathaway Bros

on the corner of Main and Water streets.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 15 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Gauges, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,
J. H. PARTRIDGE,
Manager.

P. O. Box 220.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles A. Banks; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Gurkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer; Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Poulck, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Building: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone; Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch; Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Stewards; J. J. Shepherd, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; W. H. Ballard, N. G.; W. A. Jones, V. G.; H. O. Hill, sec'ry; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Talula Encampment No. 8; Maurice Wescott, C. P.; W. A. Jones, H. P.; D. M. Simons, J. W.; H. O. Hill; Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Fiber Creek Council No. 1260; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; E. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor J. M. Meekins; Board of Education: John D. Fulcher, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. S. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., Offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M MEEKINS,

*** Attorney-at-Law. ***

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made.

B. G. CRISP, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Manteo, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts. Collections a specialty.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 25, 1898.

☞Move with the procession.

☞The shipment of peas about over.

☞How the planted crops are growing.

☞Truckers expect to begin shipping Irish potatoes this week

☞Presiding Elder Willis's appointments appear in another column.

☞Mrs Nannie Humphlet, wife of Mr. J. N. Umphlet, died on the 18th inst, aged 22 years. Her remains were taken to New Hope for burial.

☞The Democratic Judicial Convention was held at Plymouth yesterday. The State Convention will be held at Raleigh to-morrow.

☞Certain parties who are clandestinely grossly misrepresenting us ought to be ashamed of themselves How ungrateful some folks can be.

☞Governor Russell appointed Rev. W. Y. Everton, of Mann's Harbor, Chaplain of the Second Regiment of State Volunteers, but he has declined to accept.

☞Our lumber mills are runnihg on full time, some of them day and night. They continue on as though the war with Spain were "a phantom or a dream."

☞On Thursday last Mr. W. P. Boyer, of Norfolk, and Miss Sallie Baldwin, of Norfolk county, Va., arrived on the forenoon train, were married by Presiding Elder Willis and returned on the afternoon train.

☞At Buffalo, N. Y., on the 22nd of April, Walter, oldest son of Emerson and Ida Bosworth and grandson of the late Dr. Wm. Underwood, died, aged 19 years. He was a bright and studious young man, with a useful life opening before him.

☞The Closing Exercises of the Colored Public School took place in the Court House on Wednesday night. They were very creditable and made a good impression. John W. Barrington, the Principal, has done a good work. He has clearly demonstrated his ability as a teacher.

☞At the adjourned meeting of the City Commissioners held on Monday evening action on the opening of Church street to the River was deferred until the regular meeting in June. A Finance Committee, consisting of J. P. Overman and J. Heywood Sawyer, was appointed.

☞Several delegates who attended the Populist State Convention last week inform us that the reports published in the papers are greatly misleading; that there is no probability of any "fusion" with the Democrats, and that the indications are that co-operation on the lines of '96 will be continued. We reserve comments until next week.

☞We paid a visit one day last week to the Colored State Normal School here and we were greatly interested and more than favorably impressed. The School is divided into four departments, and we spent some time in each. The course of instruction is thorough and practical. We saw evidence satisfying us that the several teachers are specially fitted for their work. This Institution now ranks among the very best of the Colored Normal Schools in the State.

☞Thirty years ago the NORTH CAROLINIAN entered the field of journalism. It was an experiment, but it has proved a success. It came to *stay*, and it *has* staid Is is to-day the oldest paper in the State without change of editor or proprietor. With this issue it enters upon a new Volume. The policy of the past will be continued. The editor has convictions, and he will keep on expressing them. He will continue to advocate and defend the Right as he understands it, and he will relax no effort in maintaining the paper's high standard for reliability.

☞Surely the citizens of Elizabeth City have cause to feel proud of their Public School. That they feel an interest in it was manifested by the packing of Lowry's Academy on Thursday and Friday nights to witness the closing exercises. The essays were excellent, the declamations splendid and the music grand. Everybody was delighted. The Annual Address was delivered by J. B. Leigh esq His theme was Zebulon B. Vance, He handled it eloquently and well. He is a graceful and entertaining speaker.

——By the way, Prof. W. M. Hinton, the Principal, is pre-eminently the right man for the place, and it is to be hoped that he will be continued in charge. He is an able, thorough and practical teacher—one whose heart is in the work. The services of such a man are invaluable. We will add that the Committee have also been fortunate in the selection of Assistants. Their earnest and faithful work have proven their efficiency in the school room,

☞The practical farmer raises better crops than the theoretical one.

☞A woman was born to love and be loved, and she fights it out on that line.

☞NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞As soon as a man returns from his bridal tour, he begins paying the fidler.

☞If you want a nice Suit of Clothes and get good value for your money, go to Fowler & Co.'s

☞About all the use some men have of the golden rule is to measure the conduct of others.

☞Mrs. Josephine Wood has been appointed Postmaster at Woodville, Perquimans county.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞How are you off for Blankets We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞A Company has been formed to establish a telephone line from Old Trapp to Elizabeth City.

☞There is no dispute managed without a passion, and yet there is scarcely a dispute worth a passion.

☞The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

☞Though nearly every one claims to be fond of poetry, we never yet saw a volume of poetry with the back worn off.

☞The brightest lightning comes from the darkest clouds, and the purest faith from the severest trials.

☞A contempory says: "Take care of your pennies, and some one will come along with a scheme to take care of your dollars.

☞Fowler & Co are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞Fish and Oysters at the City Fish and Oyster Market, opposite Swain's Hotel. 'Phone No. 123.
T. T. Whitcomb,

☞Somebody has said that its man's nature to crave power, and if he can't bully another man or a dog he gets married.

☞The critic may not read one-third of the author's book, but the author reads every word of the criticism.

☞A good deodorizer is made by applying a hot poker to a lump of camphor gum in a saucer The strong fumes will clear the air of the room at once.

☞Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞A terrible catastrophe occurred at Weeksville early yesterday morning—the burning to death of Mrs Mattie Weeks, relict of the late Charles Weeks, in her dwelling destroyed by fire. Her two children barely escaped.

☞If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞"We are a wasteful people," said a business man the other day as he tore open an envelope and threw it in the waste basket. "I have often thought it would be a good idea to save all envelopes and utilize them for memorandums or writing paper. An envelope that is three inches wide and ten inches long contains thirty square inches of space. Using both interior surfaces would make sixty square inches of writing or memorandum paper. If you receive only ten letters a day and throw them away in a year you throw away 180,000 square inches of good writing paper on which a million words could be written. What a saving it would be, then, to utilize our envelopes and if every person or firm that receives letters were to follow the plan suggested, just think of the vast amount of economy practiced. No wonder we are called an extravagant people when we disregard the Proverbs, Ben Franklin's advice and all that and continue on in wasteful ways when a little thought and extra effort would result in a good saving to us. When we begin to save in one way there are a dozen others that come to mind and we are richly benefited."

Are You Weak?

Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and aching bones. The blood is watery; the tissues are wasting—the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, soothe your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than an expensive special course of medicine. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:49 and will set to-night at 7:05.—When a cycler is thrown from his wheel he feels the gravity of his position.—A number of young gentlemen from Mann's Harbor, with their "best girls," spent a day last week in in the city.—The Wag says that there is a lot of gray-haired people dyeing to get married.—Rev. U. S. Crowder, of Ocracoke, called the other day and paid his respects.—The more a man gets left the more he talks about his rights.—Fred G. Thompson has contracted to furnish the Brick for the new buildings about to be erected by W. J. Broughton and J. W. Sharber on Poindexter street. His brick stand the test.—One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning.—Mrs McMullan, of Hertford, is visiting her mother, Mrs. B F. Gunn, on Dyer street.—The Bagley Monument fund is growing.—"I think its absurd to say that kissing is dangerous," gushed a Third Ward lady. "What possible disease could be spread by the simple act?" "Marriage, madam," grunted the old bachelor.—Shouts a Patriot:

Let Spanish parrots rip and tear,
And pour forth oaths of flame,
Our glorious eagle scorns to swear,
But gets there just the same

—A Burden which one choses is not felt.—Miss Ada Melick is off on a visit to friends in Raleigh.—After the fight there are lots of brave men.—Rev. L. L. Williams and wife and Judge Albertson attended the Episcopal Council of the Diocese of East Carolina at Newbern last week.—A dude's attire is apt to tire other people.—Miss Nannie Allen left on last Friday to visit friends at Oxford.—No man ever sees his faults through a magnifying glass.—"I do not believe in rings," declared the amateur politician who was calling on his sweetheart. "I do," she pouted, as she twisted her empty engagement finger.—Said a subscriber the other day: "I take six papers, but I confess that I like the CAROLINIAN the best, and mainly because its news is condensed and I find it reliable."—The following is one of the war songs:

We didn't want to fight,
But, by jingo, now we do,
We'll show the proud Hildagos
What a Yankee dude'll do.

—"What do you find the most common delusion among your patients?" a certain doctor was asked. "That we physicians care nothing about our bills being paid," was the reply.—Miss Sadie Wilcox, of the Business Class of Kee Mar College, Hagerstown, Md., will accept our thanks for an invitation to be present during the Exercises of Commencement week, May 28 to June 1.—Love, fire and a bad cough are three things that cannot be hid.—Rev. W. Y. Everton, of Dare, called and paid his respects on Saturday.—These lines are contributed for this column:

Consider the chickens, O men,
And wisely give up the cup;
For when they take to drink, why
Their bills are sure to go up [then,

—"But what reason," asked the disputatious boarder, "have you for avering that Adam was made of a particularly fine quality of clay?" "Because subsequent events showed that he had no sand," was the reply.—Stawberries were never more abundant, never finer and never so down to the poor man's reach in price.—Solicitor Leary called and paid his respects on Saturday evening. He was on his way to Pamlico Court, taking the House by way of Newbern.—Wasn't Saturday a scorcher?—They were promina-ling down the lower end of Main street the other evening. "We must learn to take things cool even in war times" said he. "I agree with you," said she. "Here's a place they keep both ice cream and soda." They "cooled."—About the only thing a man wants after he gets all the money he needs is more.—The Versifier explains why so many girls are weeping:

They had not diplomatic laws,
Their hearts are full of fears,
Sweet things, they are in tears because
They've called for volunteers.

—Let the public know about your business in such a way that they will want to know more.—It is a general remark: "If you see it in the CAROLINIAN you may rely upon it that it is so."—Two of our Naval Reserves at Hatteras have been promoted, J. N. Whitehurst to Chief and Roscoe W. Turner to Quarter Master.—William, the youngest son of Mr. Jere Sawyer, died on the 19th inst.—The man who plays the role of a "double-ender" will, sooner or later, be found out.—Mrs I. M. Meekins and little son left on Saturday on a visit to her old home at Wake Forest.—The large barge used by the N. & S. Railroad at Ocracoke, is at Scott's Shipyard for repairs.—Several cases in the Mayor's Court the past week.—We had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. W. T. Cahoon and his charming daughter Miss Maggie, from Wanchese. We appreciate such visits.—We took a walk over the 5 acre "Truck patch" of Mr. Wm. Greaves yesterday. It showed what intelligent management can accomplish. He is raising all kinds of vegetables and is making it pay.—Mr. N. R. Zimmerman is off on a business trip North.—The Junior Order of American Mechanics met and organized at the Town Hall last night.—The "Monday Night Club" met this week at the home of Miss Mae Wood, on Church street.—There was a very heavy down-pour of rain last evening.

☞Mr. Riddick Gatling, of Sarem, Gates county, was the victim of a bolt of lightning on Sunday morning. He was still living when last heard from.

THE LATEST

The following is a synopsis of the latest news up to going to press:

The cruiser Charleston has started from San Francisco harbor Manila, carrying ammunity to Dewey.—There are fully ten thousand troops in San Francisco for the expedition to the Philipines, which General Merritt will command.—The insurgent troops in Cuba are suffering for food.—Senor Capdepon, the Spanish Minister of the Interior, says in a remarkable interview that the Goverment realizes how slight Spain's chances of success in the war are, but it will fight on, hoping for European intervention.—The First Regiment of North Carolina volunteers left Raleigh Sunday for Tampa. The soldiers were lustily cheered by the throng on the streets, but scenes were enacted at the depot that will never be forgotten. Mothers, sisters and loved ones went from car to car, weeping. It was, possibly, their last farewell to loved ones.—The Casino and other buildings in Cardenas were wrecked by the fire of American ships when the Winslow was destroyed into that harbor, and it is reported that many Spaniards were killed.

Several more Spanish vessels have been captured,

It is reported that a big Naval battle was fought on Sunday in the vicinity Windward passage; that Admiral Sampson closed in on Cervera's fleet and destreyed all the Spanish ships.

$100.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once 81. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

W H MORRIS,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

FREE $50 *Bicycle!*

To Agents as a sample. This is the opportunity for a live hustler. For particulars address. POWER CYCLE CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

SHINGLES!

Machine dressed Cedar Shingles,

of all sizes, always in stock. For sale at the mills of

East Coast Cedar Company,

Pennsylvania Ave.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Of course we don't expect to get all, but those we don't get will be left. Remember that.

So drop in occasionally, whether you by anything or not. You will be welcome just the same.

Remember we are at the bottom of low prices. If you have doubts you have only to put us to the test and we invite a comparison of quality and prices by the public.

As proof of the popularity of our goods and prices we have only to refer to the rapid growth of our business, which compelled us to have more room and drove us into a larger store.

We cordially invite the public to call before buying elsewhere.

Yours to please,
J. A. HOOPER & CO.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Commencement week.

A number of our friends from out of town are with us this week.

Mrs. Cynthia Houser, from the western part of the State, is visiting her brother, J. L. Newby, and other relatives.

Rev. E. C. Cooper left yesterday for an extended visit to Chicago and other points West.

Pasquotank Sabbath School Union will meet with Union Chapel Church near town Saturday.

The N. E. B. Union Meeting will convene with Corner Stone Church on Friday.

Rev. D. S. Willie, of Sladesville, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city the guest of his daughter, Mrs. A. E. Jones, on Normal street.

Mr. Peter Hollowell, a well known and respected citizen of the county, died last Thursday.

Mr. J. W. Barrington and his assistants of the Public School need to feel complimented upon the success of their closing exercises last Wednesday evening. Each little one performed his part well.

The Samaritans were out in full force Sunday afternoon to listen to their annual sermon, which was preached by Rev. Anderson at Olive Branch Church.

On last Wednesday evening the State Normal School was honored with a visit by Dr. Palemon John, chairman of Board of Managers, who spent some time in visiting the different class rooms and witnessing recitations, after which he made a brief but interesting talk to the students. Both visit and remarks were highly enjoyed by students and faculty.

After a lingering illness of several months, Miss Frances Small, aged 20 years, died on last Thursday. The deceased was an intelligent, useful and christian young lady and very well thought of by all who knew her. The funeral took place at Mt. Lebanon Church on Friday, Rev. Anderson officiating, and was attended by representatives of the Sabbath School in which she was a teacher, and also from the N. & I. Institute and a very large concourse of friends.

The following is the program of the N. & I. Institute, which will close next Wednesday: Friday, 2:30, p. m., at building, Parker Literary Circle; Sunday, 11, a. m., at Mt. Lebanon, annual sermon by Rev. J. S. Caldwell, B. D., of Philadelphia; Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 8, in the Court House, first and second year Infermeciate and Normal departments respectively. The annual address will be delivered by Rev. W. W. Mix, D. D., of Philadelphia.

SEATE NORMAL CLOSING NOTES: Mr. A. B. Rodgers, Class '97, deliyered the annual address to the Lyceum on last Thursday night. Mr. Rogers is a bright and capable young man and treated his subject in a practical, logical and concise way. On Friday night the Model School exercises were held in the Court House. This is the first year of this department, but its practicality and value to the institution have been fully demonstrated. The exercises were decidedly commendable, reflecting credit upon both the pupils and Miss A. M. Brochies, teacher in charge. The annual sermon was delivered by Rev. Anderson at Mt. Lebanon Church Sunday morning. The sermon was earnest, forceful and beneficial. The exercises of the Preparatory Class on Monday night and of the Junior Class on Monday night and of the Junior Class last night were all interesting and well rendered. The exercises will continue until Friday night when Prof. E. A. Johnson, L.L.B., of the Law Department of Shaw University, and author of "Johnson's School History of the Negro Race," will deliver the annual address.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old household remedy, Browns' Iron Bitters. It seems to contain the very elements of good health, and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

2 LARGE STORES

CONNECTED

UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable, we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & o's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & o's.

Clothing.

Fowler & o. re offering some Special Bargains in alothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & o.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

Everybody is Invited

—TO VISIT THE STORE OF—

W. T. DAVIS

No32 Main Street, Elizabeth City, N C.

YOU WILL FIND A FULL

Stock of Groceries

which I am offering at rock bottom prices. Call and you will find anything usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Ripans Tabules cure nau... Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Opium is considered three times as deadly as alcohol.

Dr. Morgan's "Hed-Ese" Powders.

A certain and safe cure for headache and neuralgia. Will relieve the most obstinate case of nervous or sick headache in a few minutes. Price, 10 cents at all druggists', or sent by mail for six 2-cent stamps. Sterling Pharmacal Co., 905 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Chinese coinage in the shape of a knife has been traced back as far as 2240 B. C.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Golf links have been opened on the grounds of the Villa Pamphili-Doria, Rome.

Piso's Cure is a wonderful Cough medicine. - Mrs. W. PICKERT, Van Sicklen and Blake Aves., Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1895.

A cargo of yellow pine lumber has been shipped from Texas to Bombay.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Pope has a pearl, bequeathed to him by Pius IX., valued at $100,000.

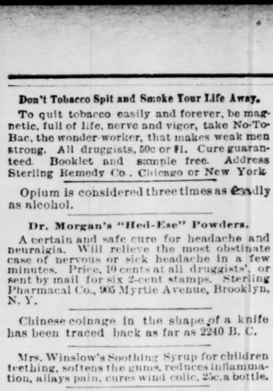
To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets, Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The Canary Islands owe their school teachers 740,000 pesetas in salary.

The sanction of physicians is accorded to that standard disinfectant, Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

Americans pay $10,000,000 a year for collar buttons.



Uncle Sam Says This is **America's Greatest Medicine.** It will Sharpen Your Appetite, Purify and Vitalize Your Blood, Overcome That Tired Feeling. Get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and begin to take it TODAY, and realize the great good it is sure to do you

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. All druggists

Control of Palsied Hands.

The control men get over their hands by constant practice was being discussed. One cited the case of an artist who is afflicted with palsy so badly that he cannot convey his food or drink to his mouth unaided. And yet this man with pallet and brush in hand can paint as well as ever he could. Before his brush touches the canvas his hand trembles violently, but the moment he feels the brush touch his picture his stroke becomes firm and strong and just what he desires it to be.

Almost a parallel case is that of a veteran soldier well known in Kansas City, "Peg Leg" Smith. Smith is now in the Soldiers' Home in Leavenworth. When in Kansas City he used to run a cigar wheel at the city hall square.

Smith comes to Kansas City frequently, and when here likes to go to a shooting gallery on Walnut street and shoot at the targets. He is a good shot and enjoys looking along a rifle barrel. Smith has the palsy in an alarming degree. When he raises the rifle and aims it at the target it jerks around in such a lively manner that one would wager he could not hit the side of a house. But just as he is about to pull the trigger his hand steadies and the next instant the bell rings. The palsied man has hit the ball's eye.—Kansas City Star.

At a recent Western wedding the wedding march was whistled by twelve girl friends of the bride.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. RANK, No. 2,354 East Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says:

"I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me. I knew not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone.

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured.

"I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 314

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

DEATH OF GLADSTONE.

England's Grand Old Man Passes Peacefully Away.

MAJESTIC END TO HIS CAREER.

Unconscious For Hours Before Death Came—The Last Scene at Hawarden—Grief Expressed Throughout England and From Other Countries as the End Drew Near—His Obsequies.

HAWARDEN, England (By Cable).—William Ewart Gladstone, the Grand Old Man of England, died at five o'clock Thursday morning at his home in this village. Death came very peacefully. All the members of his immediate family were at the bedside.

He had been unconscious practically all day, though at times he seemed to recognize for a moment some of the watchers about him. Certainly he did recognize his wife, who was beside him all day except when the physician prevailed upon her to rest. She tenderly clasped her husband's hand as she watched him.

Apparently he slept a good deal and occasionally he uttered a few words in an incoherent, dreamy way, words which those who were watching were unable to catch. Their only consolation was that he was not suffering pain. No narcotics were administered.

All night long a weary vigil was maintained. The whole family was in and out of the sickroom. Mrs. Gladstone remained throughout the night at the bedside of her dying husband. She could not be induced to leave him even to take refreshments.

The scene at about 4 o'clock Thursday morning, when it was supposed Mr. Gladstone's last hour had come, was most painful. But he again showed his almost superhuman vitality, fought death away and relapsed into sleep.

GLADSTONE RESTING AFTER HIS FAVORITE DIVERSION OF CHOPPING DOWN TREES.

ber 13, 1832, and Mr. Gladstone was just completing his twenty-third year.

During the following decade Mr. Gladstone's reputation steadily widened, while the first signs appeared of that revolution in political views which was to transform the hope of the Tories into the leader of the Liberals.

He became Prime Minister of England for three terms, and during his career fathered many important reforms.

Mr. Gladstone's life was methodical and his recreation was but the turning from one kind of work to another. He is said to have always read three books on three widely varying subjects at the same time that he might not become narrow and that his mind might not pass the point of ability to absorb any one subject.

When he was not active in politics he withdrew to the simplicity and quiet of Hawarden, which is situated far from railroads, and is difficult of access even by carriage. From his study came a long succession of books and pamphlets. While Mr. Gladstone grew more liberal in his views of the Church and its relations to the State as his mind expanded, he clung with true Scottish tenacity to the original and vital doctrines of Christianity, and within the last few years he joined vigorously in the defence of revealed religion against the ever increasing and even more threatening attacks of agnosticism and materialism.

This singular ability for varied and excellent work was the marked characteristic of Mr. Gladstone. That age did not diminish his powers was due to the ease with which he ordered his life. Lord Beaconsfield once said of him that the "had not a single redeeming vice." He was never sick, except with a cold or some form of physical exhaustion that rest would cure. He slept eleven hours every night, no matter how heavily affairs of State weighed. He ate sparingly and drank with great moderation. His passion for felling trees is known to all the world. It was his only physical exercise except walking, of which he was also fond. He cared little for the traditional sports of the English gentleman. Shooting he might well have been prejudiced against, for, going out with a party at his uncle's when he was in his thirties, he had the misfortune to lose the index finger of his left hand by the explosion of his gun.

He married July 25, 1839, the eldest daughter of Sir Stephen Richard Glynne. Hawarden was the ancestral home of the Glynnes, and, when his father-in-law became pecuniarily embarrassed, he bought it instead of building in Scotland, as he had intended. It has been said that Mr. Gladstone owed much of his development from narrow Toryism to broad Liberalism to his wife's quiet, steady influence. They had eight children, seven of whom survive. Two are members of Parliament, Herbert, the youngest of the two, inheriting something of his father's ability. One son, Stephen, is rector at the church at Hawarden. One daughter is married to the head master of Wellington College and two are at home. Mr. Gladstone was full of the lighter charms of conversation and fond of music. He himself was a singer in his earlier days and the writers used to tell of Gladstone at home after a great debate seated at the piano singing Scotch ballads to his own accompaniment.

He was of medium height, but his figure was commanding. In age his shoulders were slightly rounded. His early life had jet black hair in abundance. His head had given "London hatters some trouble," as he once remarked. It was large and founded upon imposing lines. Before he was known in politics Disraeli saw him at a dinner one day and was so struck with the appearance of his face that he inquired who the young man was and held his face and name in memory. He had piercing eyes, a bold nose, firm lips and a square jaw. His expression was earnest and stern, yet kindly.

WILLIAM E. GLADSTONE.

During the crisis Mr. Gladstone's breathing was thirty-six to the minute, and the members of his family were summoned. The Rev. Stephen Gladstone read prayers and hymns, including Mr. Gladstone's favorite, "Rock of Ages." When this was concluded Mr. Gladstone was heard to murmur, "Our Father."

Though a national funeral was accepted by the family, it was decided that he should be laid at rest in the peaceful graveyard at Hawarden.

MRS. W. E. GLADSTONE.

MR. GLADSTONE'S CAREER.

His Achievements in Public Life, His Varied Activity and His Personality.

William Ewart Gladstone was born at Liverpool on December 29, 1809. But while English as to his birthplace, he was a Scotchman by descent—"purely and absolutely Scotch as to every drop of blood in my veins," to use his own words. His father [illegible] in the East Indies, and finally in the West Indies, where he accumulated large sugar plantations.

In the fall of 1821 Mr. Gladstone entered Eton, where he spent the next six years. He did not extinguish himself in scholarship. After two years of study with a private tutor, young Gladstone went, in 1829, to Oxford, and became a member of Christchurch. At Oxford he devoted himself to his books with such assiduity that he became famous as the most remarkable under-graduate of his generation. On his examination in 1831 he carried off the highest honors of the University, both in classics and in mathematics, graduating double first class.

While thus eminent in the college studies, he was also prominent in the literary activities of the University, and he became

Spain Now Has a Repudiating Cabinet.

The new Spanish Cabinet formed by Sagasta is: President of the Council of Ministers, Senor Praxedes Sagasta; Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Leon y Castillo; Minister of War, Lieutenant-General Correa; Minister of Marine, Senor Aunon; Minister of the Colonies, Senor Romero Giron; Minister of Finance, Senor Lopez Puigcerver; Minister of the Interior, Senor F. R. Capdepon; Minister of Justice, Senor C. Groizard; Minister of Public Instruction, Senor Gamazo. Sagasta's reconstructed Cabinet started in by adopting Gamazo's motion to repudiate responsibility for the last Ministry's acts.

Marble Cutting is Not Art.

Marble statuary, made by hired artisans, must pay a duty of fifty per cent. ad valorem. The Board of Classification of the United States General Appraisers at New York City decided this point a few days ago. The tariff law allows statuary cut by hand by a sculptor to come in at twenty per cent.

Increased Tax Restricts Licenses.

On account of the proposed increase in the tax on beer, brewers in New Haven, Conn., have refused to advance money to saloon keepers for the coming license year, and so far but ninety-four licenses have been taken out, as compared with about two hundred last year.

New Japan-New York Fleet.

Japan and New York will be connected by a fleet of five new boats which will fly the British flag. Regular service will be begun by the Indra Line, the word Indra signifying "Kings of India." Each of the five ships of the fleet will have a carrying capacity of 3150 tons, and are named Indravelli, Indralema, Indrani, Indra and Indrapura.

Spain Urged to Sue For Peace.

The diplomats in Washington are considering the advisability of urging Spain to sue for peace, her cause being considered hopeless since her disastrous defeat at Manila

Off For Manila.

VALLEJO, Cal. (Special).—The cruiser Charleston, Captain Henry Glass commanding, got under way for Manila shortly after 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. Salutes were fired at Mare Island Navy Yard, and the employes of the yard and citizens of Vallejo, who were assembled along the shore, cheered the departing vessel. The Charleston carries, besides ammunition for her own guns, a large supply for Admiral Dewey's fleet. No troops were carried, as the cruiser has no room for more than her own crew of 380 men. She should arrive at Manila in about twenty-four days.

A Large Peach Crop.

A Georgia expert reports that the peach crop this season will be the greatest in the history of that State, exceeding even the big crop of 1895, and will bring in hundreds of thousands of dollars. The crop is now safe beyond question, and the trees are loaded with large-sized fruit.

A Large Wheat Acreage.

The returns to the statisticans of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, show the acreage in winter wheat to be 5.7 per cent. greater than the acreage last year, the comparison being not with the acreage harvested in 1897 but with that sown in the fall of 1896.

General Sherman's Son a Chaplain.

The Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman, of the Society of Jesus, who is connected with St. Ignatius College, Chicago, has been appointed Chaplain of the Fourth Regiment of the Missouri National Guard. Father Sherman is a son of General W. T. Sherman.

Alcoholic Candy.

The statement is made that alcoholic candy is largely sold in Manchester and other English towns. It is said to be imported from Germany, and an analyst declares that it contains proportionately as much alcohol as does beer.

DEATH IN A TORNADO.

Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin Visited by an Awful Storm.

CHICAGO (Special).—Many lives were lost and great damage was inflicted by tornadoes which swept over Northeastern Iowa, Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin.

The wind raged through Cedar, Clinton and Jackson Counties, Iowa, leveling buildings and crushing out lives. Five persons were killed at Preston, Iowa, and half the town blown down. Stanwood and Lost Island suffered heavily.

In Illinois a tornado passed near Amberio and Paw Paw, going toward the Mississippi River.

The dead: At Byron, Ill., Richard Reese; at Skillman Valley, Ill., Michael Nelson and wife and two children; at Adeline, Ill., two unknown; at Paw Paw, Ill., Mrs. Frank Chichester; at Preston, Iowa, Charles Floy and wife and three children; at Delmar, Iowa, Olo Illison, Sawyer Loveman and Michael Hines; at Brown, Iowa, James and Maggie Maloney; at Creston, Iowa, Charles Rush and family and entire Rugg family; at Charlet, Iowa, Michael Hines; at Quigley, Iowa, William O'Meara; at Osseo, Wis., Mr. Clementson and two Alexander children.

Farm buildings were demolished and crops ruined. At Biggs Maggie and Jay Maloney were killed and several injured. Within a radius of two miles of Delmar six were killed.

AUGUSTA, Wis. (Special).—A cyclone started seven miles west of Osseo, and swept in a northeasterly direction, just avoiding Augusta. The family of Alex. Clementson, west of Osseo, are all injured. One child was killed and another fatally hurt. O. Work's large barn was demolished and a valuable herd of thirty-six cows were caught in the basement. All were injured and many killed. Houses, barns and telegraph lines were demolished. The cyclone traversed at least twenty miles. The damage is about $50,000.

ALABAMA LAUNCHED.

Battleship Leaves the Ways in the Cramps' Yard, Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—The United States battleship Alabama was launched at 12.50 o'clock Wednesday in the yard of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company. Unlike any similar ceremony since the beginning of the new navy, the launching of the Alabama was strictly private. In fact the yard was under a strong guard, and no visitors except a small party of invited guests of Washington was admitted. Usually the launching of a United States man-of-war has attracted a crowd of thousands of persons.

Miss Mary H. Morgan, the daughter of the Senator from Alabama, broke the bottle of wine on the ship's bow and gave the vessel her name.

The general dimensions of the Alabama class are as follows: Length over all 374 feet, breadth 72 feet, freeboard forward 20 feet, freeboard shaft the after turret 13 feet 3 inches, draught 23 feet 6 inches, displacement 11,520 tons; the guaranteed speed is to be 16 knots, and the estimated horsepower 10,000.

The main battery consists of four thirteen-inch guns, in turrets, and fourteen six-inch rapid-fire guns, of which ten are mounted on the gun deck, eight in broadside between the turrets, and two at the bow and stern, firing straight ahead forward of the four turrets on the gun deck. The other four are mounted in protected positions on the casemate deck, two on each side. The broadside six-inch guns are mounted in recess ports. The secondary battery consists of seventeen six-pounder rapid-fire guns, six one-pounder rapid-fire guns, and four Gatlings.

WAR TRAGEDY IN ALABAMA.

John Lee Kills Three Men Who Taunted Him With Cowardice.

A tragedy was enacted in James Mitchell's corner grocery at Birmingham, Ala. A group of young men who were good companions were talking about the Spanish war. John Lee was one of the most enthusiastic, and said that he could whip a dozen Spaniards.

The statement was received with derision by Lee's friends, several of whom charged him with cowardice and also alleged that a small-sized policeman, well known on the beat, had a few days before scared Lee nearly to death. Lee finally became exasperated beyond bounds, and, drawing his pistol, fired six shots into the crowd, whose members sought shelter in a hurry.

When the smoke cleared away Lee was gone, but on the floor lay the dead bodies of Sam Johnson, Peter Abernathy and Thomas Warren, while Sam McSpadden was weltering in a pool of blood, with a fatal wound in his neck.

Up to this tragedy Lee was a quiet and peaceful young man and had never had a difficulty.

FATAL ELEVATOR ACCIDENT.

A Car Filled With Workmen Falls Nine Stories in Boston.

An elevator cable in an unfinished building on A street, in Boston, broke Tuesday and the car fell nine stories. Six laborers were killed and four seriously hurt.

The men, as usual at noon, had crowded on the elevator, which was a temporary affair used to carry material. The moment the engineer started the engine to lower them to the basement there was a crash as the cable broke and it was followed by another when the elevator struck the bottom of the well. Ten men were found scattered about, three dead and seven in agony. Three men in the elevator were uninjured. During the afternoon three of the injured died in the hospital.

The dead are: O. S. Henry, Lebord Cardenonte, William Duncan, Michael Griffin, Henry Harvey and an unidentified Italian.

GOLD SEEKERS DROWNED.

Twenty-two of Them Lost Through a Break in the Ice.

The ice covering a stream in a defile near Crater Lake, gave way under the passing throng of Klondikers and more than a score of men were precipated into the water and drowned.

It was on the other side of the summit, between Linderman and the Long Lake, where an ice slide over a mountain stream has been utilized as a path for sleds. A lot of men were advancing in almost unbroken rank, each hauling a heavy-laden sled, when there was a sudden crash.

The ice opened for thirty feet or more, and in an instant twenty-two men, with their supplies, were whirled down and under the ice to drown without even the chance of battling for life.

New Camp For Northern Volunteers.

The Northern Volunteers sent to Florida will be camped at Lakeland, thirty miles from Tampa.

ROOSEVELT'S MEN IN TEXAS.

Four Hundred of the "Rough Riders" Now in Camp in San Antonio.

Four hundred of the men who will compose "Roosevelt's Rough Riders" are now in San Antonio, Texas. They are mostly from Arizona and Oklahoma. The camp is located three miles out of town.

The men are the finest looking body ever assembled in San Antonio. Those from the West were subjected to a rigid test for those qualities necessary to successful campaigning in Cuba. Government officers at Fort Sam Houston are buying horses for them, and so far 100 have been secured.

Spanish Spies at Work.

A plot to blow up the water works which supply the camp at Tampa, Fla., is said to have been discovered and a guard had been mounted. At attempt to poison the reservoir at Camp Hastings, in Pennsylvania, is reported.

Bounty For Dewey's Men.

Under section 4635 of the Revised Statutes, which provides for the payment of $100 for each man on an enemy's ship that is destroyed in action, about $200,000 will be divided among the men in Dewey's fleet.

Girl Appointed Train Dispatcher.

Miss Edith Jarnagin, a young Georgia girl twenty years of age, has been appointed to the responsible place of chief train dispatcher of the Chattanooga Southern Railway, at Chattancoga, Tenn.

War Made Him a Suicide.

Alonzo Hedges hanged himself at Mountainville, N. Y., while insane from reading war news. He believed that he had been commissioned by the Lord to shell Havana and he killed himself because he could not carry out his mission.

A Trust in Envelopes.

A big envelope trust has been formed with a capital of $17,000,000.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

21

MILK AND CREAM.

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans			23,436
Condensed milk, cans			113
Cream, cans			651
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras, ℔	—	@ ℔	15
Firsts	—	@	14½
Thirds to seconds	13	@	14
State—Thirds to firsts	13	@	14½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	14½
Imitation Creamery	12	@	13½
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	12½
Low grades	11½	@	12
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	—	@	7¾
Small	7¼	@	7½
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5
Full skims	2	@	2½
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	10¾	@	11
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	12
Western—Choice	—	@	11
Southern—Choice	—	@	—
Duck eggs, ℔ doz	—	@	—
Goose eggs, ℔ doz	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1897	1 72½	@	1 75
Medium, choice, 1897	1 40	@	1 42½
Pea, choice, 1897	1 37½	@	1 40
Red kidney, choice, 1897	2 05	@	2 10
White kidney, choice, 1897	—	@	1 70
Yellow eye	1 45	@	1 50
Lima, Cal., ℔ 60 lbs	—	@	2 15
Green peas, bags	80	@	82½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Ben Davis, ℔ bbl	—	@	—
Russet, ℔ bbl	2 25	@	3 50
Red, ℔ bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ℔ bbl	—	@	—
Jersey, ℔ crate	—	@	—
Strawberries, N. C., ℔ qt	9	@	12
HOPS.			
State—1897, choice, ℔ lb	—	@	16
1896, prime	—	@	—
Pacific Coast, 1897, choice	—	@	16
Good to prime	12	@	14
Old odds	2	@	4
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ℔ lb	—	@	10½
Spring chickens, ℔ lb	18	@	20
Roosters, ℔ lb	—	@	6½
Turkeys, ℔ lb	8	@	9
Ducks, ℔ pair	40	@	65
Geese, ℔ pair	75	@	1 25
Pigeons, ℔ pair	20	@	30
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ℔ lb	7	@	9
Chickens, Phila	18	@	20
Western, dry picked	20	@	22
Fowls, State & Penn., ℔ lb	—	@	10
Ducks, Western	5	@	7
L. I., spring, ℔ lb	14	@	15
Geese, Western, ℔ lb	4	@	6
Squabs, ℔ doz	1 50	@	2 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ℔ 100 lb	77½	@	80
Clover mixed	45	@	55
Straw—Long rye	30	@	40
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	25	@	30
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, State, ℔ bbl	2 75	@	3 00
Western, ℔ bbl	2 75	@	3 00
Southern, per bbl	1 50	@	3 75
Sweet, ℔ bbl	4 00	@	6 00
Cabbages, ℔ bbl	75	@	1 12
Onions, yellow, ℔ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Red, ℔ bbl	2 00	@	4 00
Peas, N. C., ℔ basket	50	@	1 25
Egg plant, ℔ box	2 00	@	3 00
Tomatoes, ℔ carrier	1 00	@	2 25
String beans, ℔ crate	50	@	1 25
Squash, Southern, ℔ crate	50	@	75
Turnips, white, ℔ bbl	75	@	1 50
Celery, ℔ case	1 50	@	3 00
Carrots, ℔ 100 bunches	2 50	@	5 00
Beets, ℔ 100 bunches	1 00	@	5 00
Lettuce, ℔ bbl	75	@	1 25
Spinach, ℔ bbl	75	@	1 00
Kale, per bbl	25	@	50
Asparagus, ℔ doz	75	@	3 00
Radishes, ℔ bbl	75	@	1 25
Rhubarb, ℔ 100 bunches	50	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	6 75	@	7 25
Spring Patents	7 00	@	7 35
Wheat—July	—	@	—
No. 2 Red	—	@	1 56
Corn—No. 2	—	@	42¼
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	38
Track mixed	35	@	36
Rye—Western	—	@	72
Barley—Feeding	51	@	51½
Lard—City steam	6.45c	@	6.50c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	8¼
Calves, city dressed	7	@	9
Country dressed	6	@	8
Sheep, ℔ 100 lb	—	@	—
Lambs, ℔ 100 lb	5 30	@	6 75
Hogs—Live, ℔ 100 lb	4 25	@	4 60
Country dressed	4	@	6½

REMENYI DROPS DEAD.

Famous Violinist Expires While at a Theatre in San Francisco.

Edouard Remenyi fell dead at the Orpheum Theatre in San Francisco, Cal. It was Remenyi's first appearance on the vaudeville stage.

He had played two or three classical pieces, and had answered an encore with the familiar "Old Glory." Remenyi played as if inspired. When the music ceased the house was swept with a torrent of bravos. In response to another burst of applause, Remenyi commenced to play Delibes's "Pizzicati." He had just completed a few bars of the difficult fingering when he leaned forward as if to speak to one of the musicians in the orchestra, continuing his piece. He seemed to pause for a moment and then slowly fell forward on his face. One of the musicians caught him just before he touched the stage and prevented him from rolling off. All was over. He was carried from the stage and physicians worked upon him for some time, but their efforts were futile.

ENSIGN BAGLEY'S BURIAL.

Ten Thousand People See the First Officer Killed in This War Buried.

In the way of a public funeral nothing approaching the service over the body of Ensign Worth Bagley, the first United States officer killed in the war with Spain, has even been seen at Raleigh, N. C. The coffin was literally covered with flowers, all that friends scattered through North Carolina could do to show their affection.

Lieutenant Lawrence L. Adams went from the Norfolk Navy Yard to represent the Navy Department. The body remained at the home of the ensign's widowed mother until 2.30 p. m., when it was taken to the rotunda in the Capitol. There it remained until 5 o'clock, viewed by a steady stream of people, until 10,000 people followed it to the grave in front of the statue of Washington.

Cablegrams Under Supervision.

Steps were taken by General Greely, chief of the United States Signal Corps, under orders from Washington to see that no news which might assist Spain was sent out of the country by the various cable and telegraph companies.

Frank Succeeds Merritt.

General R. T. Frank, the commanding officer at Fort Monroe, has been placed temporarily in command of the Department of the East, to succeed General Merritt, who goes to the Philippines as Military Governor.

Newsy Gleanings.

Russia is buying gold in London.

Japan has forty-five watch factories.

Three big steamship companies have formed a pool on business from Italy to the United States.

Miss Helen Gould laid the cornerstone of Overton Hall, Mount Hermon School, at Northfield, Mass.

An Anglican clergyman, of British Columbia, Archdeacon McKay, is working a placer gold claim on the Yukon.

The plague has broken out in Bombay, India, again, and a repetition of the harrowing scenes of last season may be expected to follow.

Dresden's new central railroad station, which has been six years in building, has been opened for general traffic.

An English advertising firm wants to board in the banks of the Suez Canal and decorate them with advertisements.

Foreigners will not be allowed in Ta-Lien-Wan or Port Arthur, China, without a passport vised by the Russian Consul at Tien-Tsin.

A resolution submitting to the Legislatures of the various States an amendment to the Constitution changing Inauguration Day from March 4 to May 4 has been adopted by the United States Senate.

Among 202 samples of foods examined by the Berlin Health Board last autumn, fifty-seven were rejected as adulterated or injurious. Milk was found to be adulterated in fifty-nine cases out of nearly 1500

Haymaking in India.

At Allahabad eight cuttings of grass are taken during the season, which begins early in the monsoon, and lasts, say, from the middle of June to the middle of March. From manured land the total weight varies from fifteen to forty tons per acre, according to the quality of the soil and the number of years which have elapsed since the manure was applied. The jhabau, a native hook which resembles a scythe blade, is preferred to the grass mower drawn by bullocks, as the clean cut of former is less injurious to the grass stubble than the clipping action of the latter, which reduces the number of cuttings from eight to two. On poor, unmanured land only one crop can be cut for hay in October.

The haymaking season begins in the middle of September. It is impossible to make good hay before this time, for, even in periods when there is no rain, the ground is so wet that moisture is drawn up by the hay, which, quite independently of this circumstance, does not dry properly in the humid atmosphere. There are forty-eight good species of natural grasses, some of which are as valuable as any British grass, and frequent cutting develops a fine quality of produce.—Blackwell's Magazine.

The President's War Map.

Not many of the President's visitors are admitted to the war room. Those who are thus favored see something novel in the way of war planning. A very large map has been prepared and mounted with a wooden back. It shows the Atlantic Ocean with the coasts of both sides and the islands between. The map covers that part of the ocean from the banks of Newfoundland to the mouth of the Amazon. When the measurements are given some idea can be formed of the scale. The length of the map is perhaps eighteen feet and the width is ten feet. Little paper ships have been cut with the names plainly printed. These ships, representing the two navies, are fastened in their places on the map with pins, and are moved from day to day to correspond with the movements of the ships. The President, the Secretaries of War and the Navy, Lieutenant-General Schofield and members of the War Council and Strategy Board have before them the exact positions of the navies up to the latest information as they discuss the plans from day to day. The whole game of war, so far as the Atlantic is concerned, with the locations of the pawns, is before them.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

An Ancient Custom.

From Republican Traveler, Arkansas City, Kan.

Pilgrimages to some shrine of St. Vitus to cure the disease known as St. Vitus' dance are no longer made. The modern way of treating this affliction is within reach of every household, as is shown by the experience of Karl A. Wagner, the eleven-year-old son of George Wagner, of 515 9th St., Arkansas City, Kan. The father tells the story as follows:

"Over a year ago," he says, "Karl was taken with St. Vitus' dance and continued to grow worse during five months he was under a physician's care. His tongue became paralyzed and we could not understand a word he said. He became very thin, lost the use of his right leg and seemed doomed to become a hopeless invalid. We had about given up hope when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were recommended to my wife by a lady whose daughter had been cured of a similar affliction by the pills.

"I bought a box of them at once and soon noticed a change for the better in Karl's condition. I was so well pleased that I bought more of them, and when he had taken five boxes the disease disappeared.

A Hopeless Invalid.

"That was six months ago and there has been no return of the disease. The cure was effectual and permanent, and I feel satisfied that no other medicine could have produced so marvelous a result. We feel rejoiced over the restoration of our son, and cannot help but feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the most remarkable medicine on the market."

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to mankind as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, invigorating the body, regulating the functions, they restore the strength and health in the exhausted patient when every effort of the physician proves unavailing.

These pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Of the 95,615 men who perished in the Crimean war 80,000 were Turks and Russians.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

In the fourteenth century suits of armor often weighed 175 pounds and over.

Dr. Morgan's "Fut-Ake" Powder.

A certain cure for tired, aching, swelling and perspiring feet. "Fut-Ake" cures bunions, corns, chilblains, frostbites, ingrowing nails, hot stinging feet; also cures and prevents blisters, callous and sore spots on the feet. Price, 10 cents at all druggists', or sent by mail for six 2-cent stamps. Sterling Pharmacal Co., 905 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A Maryville (Mo.) man recently sold a hog for $37, and with $17 of the money bought a good horse.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, nervous, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. *Try it to-day.* Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Lightning struck two mules at Elk Point, S. D., and one of them fell on a boy and killed him.

ST. VITUS' DANCE, SPASMS and all nervous diseases permanently cured by the use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $1.00 trial bottle and treatise to Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street., Phila., Pa.

Ginger is a tropical production of Mexico, where it grows wild. It has been cultivated from an early period in tropical Asia.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Russian families, when moving to new homes, kindle the fire on the hearth with coals brought from the old residence.

Sent free, Klondike Map

From Gold Commission's official survey. Address Gardner & Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

Parsonage property is not exempt from tax in Oregon.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

In Hungary whisky is distilled from turnips, maize, potatoes and molasses.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Beggars are unknown in Melbourne. The poorest part of the city is the Chinese quarter.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

In the River Llano, in Texas, islands of floating sand are sometimes seen.

An Awkward Roadway.

The Chinese thoroughfare is the exact reverse of ours in shape,, the middle part being considerably higher than the two "trottoirs" on each side. In the rainy season, if a vehicle should slip, the occupants run considerable risk of being smothered in the mud and water which always accumulate at that period.

Sixteen hundred fish were captured in one haul of a seine at Crills milldam in the Sioux River, near Vermillion, S. D., the largest catch, it is said, ever made in any stream in that section of the country.

A New Motor Carriage.

A Frenchman has patented a very simple motor carriage, which has only two wheels and yet keeps its balance, the w